



1
00:00:07,200 --> 00:00:24,390
ready to watch

2
00:00:24,400 --> 00:00:30,390
john

3
00:00:34,790 --> 00:00:32,870
for the eyes of the world

4
00:00:36,229 --> 00:00:34,800
now look into space

5
00:00:38,709 --> 00:00:36,239
to the moon

6
00:00:41,110 --> 00:00:38,719
and to the planets beyond we choose to

7
00:00:47,750 --> 00:00:41,120
go to the moon in this decade and do the

8
00:00:47,760 --> 00:00:59,910
that's one small step

9
00:00:59,920 --> 00:01:07,670
hello from the children of planet earth

10
00:01:12,550 --> 00:01:09,750
our progress in space

11
00:01:14,469 --> 00:01:12,560
taking giant steps for all mankind

12
00:01:16,390 --> 00:01:14,479
is a tribute to american teamwork and

13
00:01:17,990 --> 00:01:16,400

excellence

14

00:01:20,070 --> 00:01:18,000

in the ignition and we have liftoff

15

00:01:22,550 --> 00:01:20,080

history's largest astronaut crew is on

16

00:01:25,190 --> 00:01:22,560

its way space plane 3 is airborne and

17

00:01:33,109 --> 00:01:25,200

has cleared the tower liftoff of space

18

00:01:38,310 --> 00:01:35,590

i believe we can send humans to orbit

19

00:01:40,710 --> 00:01:38,320

mars and return them safely to earth

20

00:01:56,310 --> 00:01:40,720

and a landing on mars will follow

21

00:02:01,030 --> 00:01:58,870

that drive to reach higher is alive and

22

00:02:03,030 --> 00:02:01,040

well in today's astronauts who will

23

00:02:04,550 --> 00:02:03,040

travel aboard american-made commercial

24

00:02:07,429 --> 00:02:04,560

vehicles to the international space

25

00:02:09,430 --> 00:02:07,439

station and aboard orion on our very

26

00:02:11,589 --> 00:02:09,440

challenging path to mars

27

00:02:25,910 --> 00:02:11,599

and getting ready to take the next giant

28

00:02:29,750 --> 00:02:27,750

good afternoon everyone i'm dennis

29

00:02:31,350 --> 00:02:29,760

woodfork ii your master of ceremonies

30

00:02:34,550 --> 00:02:31,360

for today's event and i would like to

31

00:02:37,110 --> 00:02:34,560

welcome you to the 2014 agency honor

32

00:02:39,509 --> 00:02:37,120

awards program this annual awards

33

00:02:42,390 --> 00:02:39,519

ceremony is an opportunity for us to

34

00:02:43,589 --> 00:02:42,400

come together to honor nasa's best of

35

00:02:44,869 --> 00:02:43,599

the best

36

00:02:46,710 --> 00:02:44,879

before we begin

37

00:02:48,790 --> 00:02:46,720

please rise for the presentation of the

38

00:02:50,710 --> 00:02:48,800

colors by military district of

39

00:02:51,509 --> 00:02:50,720

washington's joint armed forces color

40

00:02:53,110 --> 00:02:51,519

guard

41

00:02:54,630 --> 00:02:53,120

and remain standing

42

00:02:57,430 --> 00:02:54,640

during the performance of the national

43

00:03:11,030 --> 00:02:57,440

anthem by barry elementary fourth grader

44

00:03:11,040 --> 00:03:27,190

oh

45

00:03:27,200 --> 00:03:34,869

please

46

00:03:36,789 --> 00:03:35,750

oh

47

00:03:37,830 --> 00:03:36,799

say

48

00:03:38,869 --> 00:03:37,840

can

49

00:03:41,030 --> 00:03:38,879

you

50

00:03:43,869 --> 00:03:41,040

see

51
00:03:57,270 --> 00:03:43,879
by the dawn's

52
00:03:57,280 --> 00:04:23,430
whose bright stripes

53
00:04:23,440 --> 00:04:28,310
is

54
00:04:32,310 --> 00:04:29,350
you

55
00:04:36,790 --> 00:04:32,320
through the night

56
00:05:01,270 --> 00:04:36,800
that our flag was still there

57
00:05:01,280 --> 00:05:05,590
oh

58
00:05:05,600 --> 00:05:10,150
please be seated ready

59
00:05:10,160 --> 00:05:29,270
uh

60
00:05:29,280 --> 00:05:32,790
please be seated

61
00:05:36,230 --> 00:05:34,390
i would like to extend our appreciation

62
00:05:38,550 --> 00:05:36,240
to the military district of washington's

63
00:05:40,469 --> 00:05:38,560

joint armed forces color guard and miss

64

00:05:42,070 --> 00:05:40,479

ajaya thomas for her outstanding

65

00:05:48,710 --> 00:05:42,080

performance let's give them both the

66

00:05:52,629 --> 00:05:50,790

at this time i would like to invite our

67

00:06:03,430 --> 00:05:52,639

administrator mr charlie bolden to the

68

00:06:08,870 --> 00:06:06,469

thank you very much dennis and

69

00:06:10,790 --> 00:06:08,880

let me ask you all to just give another

70

00:06:12,469 --> 00:06:10,800

round of applause for ajaya thomas for

71

00:06:18,469 --> 00:06:12,479

the beautiful rendition of the national

72

00:06:22,629 --> 00:06:20,390

ajaya you don't you probably don't know

73

00:06:24,710 --> 00:06:22,639

it but but you know your performance

74

00:06:26,710 --> 00:06:24,720

should remind all of us

75

00:06:28,950 --> 00:06:26,720

that while stem stands for science

76
00:06:32,790 --> 00:06:28,960
technology engineering and math

77
00:06:34,710 --> 00:06:32,800
what you added uh was an a for the arts

78
00:06:36,309 --> 00:06:34,720
and when you add that in it transforms

79
00:06:37,990 --> 00:06:36,319
into steam some of you know i'm a big

80
00:06:39,670 --> 00:06:38,000
steam person

81
00:06:41,909 --> 00:06:39,680
so thank you very much the arts

82
00:06:44,230 --> 00:06:41,919
transforms us as a people

83
00:06:47,029 --> 00:06:44,240
so thank you for the reminder of the

84
00:06:48,790 --> 00:06:47,039
power to remind us of humanity

85
00:06:51,029 --> 00:06:48,800
as we explore our universe and i think

86
00:06:54,309 --> 00:06:51,039
that's really special today because we

87
00:06:55,990 --> 00:06:54,319
choose to honor not programs or things

88
00:06:57,830 --> 00:06:56,000

but the people who have made them all

89

00:07:00,070 --> 00:06:57,840

possible so thank you again

90

00:07:01,990 --> 00:07:00,080

um i have to i cannot

91

00:07:04,390 --> 00:07:02,000

go any farther without reminding some of

92

00:07:06,309 --> 00:07:04,400

you but letting others of you know

93

00:07:08,230 --> 00:07:06,319

when i look at ajaya and i think about

94

00:07:09,430 --> 00:07:08,240

where she's going to be

95

00:07:12,550 --> 00:07:09,440

yeah

96

00:07:14,390 --> 00:07:12,560

maybe 10 15 years from now

97

00:07:17,110 --> 00:07:14,400

the very first time i met our master of

98

00:07:19,189 --> 00:07:17,120

ceremonies he was i think dennis were

99

00:07:20,070 --> 00:07:19,199

you a giant's age or were you like

100

00:07:21,589 --> 00:07:20,080

yeah

101

00:07:23,909 --> 00:07:21,599

we were on an airplane

102

00:07:26,150 --> 00:07:23,919

going from washington d.c back home to

103

00:07:28,309 --> 00:07:26,160

houston texas or something like that and

104

00:07:30,710 --> 00:07:28,319

i met this incredible young man who much

105

00:07:32,390 --> 00:07:30,720

like ajaya had the courage to get up and

106

00:07:34,390 --> 00:07:32,400

you know talk about

107

00:07:37,510 --> 00:07:34,400

himself and his his aspirations and the

108

00:07:39,430 --> 00:07:37,520

like and who knew that that years later

109

00:07:42,309 --> 00:07:39,440

i would be working with him

110

00:07:44,790 --> 00:07:42,319

here at nasa headquarters so so ajaya i

111

00:07:46,710 --> 00:07:44,800

expected you won't be working with me

112

00:07:49,350 --> 00:07:46,720

but you'll be working with some future

113

00:07:51,589 --> 00:07:49,360

nasa administrator when you come back to

114

00:07:53,909 --> 00:07:51,599

narrate to be the master of ceremonies

115

00:07:56,550 --> 00:07:53,919

at this at this exercise

116

00:07:58,070 --> 00:07:56,560

i also want to welcome i think we have

117

00:08:00,070 --> 00:07:58,080

stem student representatives from

118

00:08:03,029 --> 00:08:00,080

mckinley technology and acosta and

119

00:08:05,110 --> 00:08:03,039

anacostia high schools uh here in d.c as

120

00:08:06,550 --> 00:08:05,120

well as central high school in prince

121

00:08:09,029 --> 00:08:06,560

george's county maryland are you all

122

00:08:19,189 --> 00:08:09,039

here if you would just stand don't don't

123

00:08:22,790 --> 00:08:21,350

thank you very much thanks also to our

124

00:08:24,390 --> 00:08:22,800

stem ambassadors here from the

125

00:08:26,869 --> 00:08:24,400

university of missouri hampton

126

00:08:29,510 --> 00:08:26,879

university virginia state university in

127

00:08:31,270 --> 00:08:29,520

george washington are you all here in

128

00:08:33,670 --> 00:08:31,280

the audience are you ah they are they're

129

00:08:40,230 --> 00:08:33,680

back all the way in the back

130

00:08:45,430 --> 00:08:43,269

uh for me this looks like old home week

131

00:08:48,790 --> 00:08:45,440

uh it is so great to see many of you

132

00:08:51,190 --> 00:08:48,800

return uh who have served the nation and

133

00:08:54,070 --> 00:08:51,200

and particularly nasa so well

134

00:08:56,310 --> 00:08:54,080

um you know this is a really small way

135

00:08:57,990 --> 00:08:56,320

to show you the appreciation that we

136

00:09:00,310 --> 00:08:58,000

have for all that you did but we're glad

137

00:09:02,310 --> 00:09:00,320

that you could find time in what i

138

00:09:04,070 --> 00:09:02,320

imagine for you all is very busy time of

139

00:09:05,110 --> 00:09:04,080

your lives to come back and celebrate

140

00:09:06,949 --> 00:09:05,120

with us

141

00:09:08,949 --> 00:09:06,959

we appreciate the enthusiasm and the

142

00:09:11,670 --> 00:09:08,959

energy of all those young people that

143

00:09:14,389 --> 00:09:11,680

we've introduced in helping us

144

00:09:16,389 --> 00:09:14,399

and others to follow in their footsteps

145

00:09:18,389 --> 00:09:16,399

we're going to need all of you to

146

00:09:19,430 --> 00:09:18,399

achieve the great things that nasa has

147

00:09:21,590 --> 00:09:19,440

planned

148

00:09:24,150 --> 00:09:21,600

on its journey to mars as well as reach

149

00:09:26,389 --> 00:09:24,160

the ambitious goals the entire aerospace

150

00:09:28,790 --> 00:09:26,399

field is working on to help us reach

151
00:09:30,550 --> 00:09:28,800
higher in the coming decades

152
00:09:32,310 --> 00:09:30,560
before we get started i also want to

153
00:09:34,870 --> 00:09:32,320
thank several of the hard working people

154
00:09:36,790 --> 00:09:34,880
at our nasa shared services center

155
00:09:37,910 --> 00:09:36,800
who have helped to make this ceremony

156
00:09:40,550 --> 00:09:37,920
possible

157
00:09:42,710 --> 00:09:40,560
first colleen canary who has been

158
00:09:44,949 --> 00:09:42,720
organizing the agency ceremony since

159
00:09:47,990 --> 00:09:44,959
2010 and takes care of the innumerable

160
00:09:49,670 --> 00:09:48,000
details that that requires

161
00:09:52,710 --> 00:09:49,680
she also coordinates the selection

162
00:09:55,350 --> 00:09:52,720
process so all of our celeb celebrants

163
00:09:56,630 --> 00:09:55,360

uh today should be very grateful to her

164

00:09:59,269 --> 00:09:56,640

for that

165

00:10:04,630 --> 00:09:59,279

thank you colin she is here inside thank

166

00:10:08,389 --> 00:10:06,389

thanks for your continued dedication to

167

00:10:10,710 --> 00:10:08,399

making this important ceremony so

168

00:10:11,990 --> 00:10:10,720

meaningful to everyone involved i also

169

00:10:13,750 --> 00:10:12,000

want to thank and some of them may be

170

00:10:15,590 --> 00:10:13,760

outside still but i also want to thank

171

00:10:17,110 --> 00:10:15,600

tiffany mitchell elizabeth edwards and

172

00:10:19,110 --> 00:10:17,120

daryl roos

173

00:10:21,509 --> 00:10:19,120

or rouse i'm sorry

174

00:10:24,150 --> 00:10:21,519

who have done a lot of behind the scenes

175

00:10:26,150 --> 00:10:24,160

work to support this ceremony from the

176

00:10:28,310 --> 00:10:26,160

logistics of just getting things here to

177

00:10:29,910 --> 00:10:28,320

coordinating the entire event their help

178

00:10:30,949 --> 00:10:29,920

has been invaluable and are they out

179

00:10:33,509 --> 00:10:30,959

there

180

00:10:35,430 --> 00:10:33,519

just yell tell them we said thanks

181

00:10:37,509 --> 00:10:35,440

i want to express my appreciation to

182

00:10:39,430 --> 00:10:37,519

today's honor award winners and to the

183

00:10:41,350 --> 00:10:39,440

entire nasa workforce

184

00:10:43,190 --> 00:10:41,360

for your outstanding contribution to

185

00:10:45,030 --> 00:10:43,200

america's space program

186

00:10:46,949 --> 00:10:45,040

this year we learned that for the second

187

00:10:48,710 --> 00:10:46,959

year in a row nasa was named the best

188

00:10:50,310 --> 00:10:48,720

place to work in government

189

00:10:51,990 --> 00:10:50,320

that's a tribute to all the men and

190

00:10:54,550 --> 00:10:52,000

women who work here and to our

191

00:10:56,870 --> 00:10:54,560

contractor partners who work alongside

192

00:10:59,430 --> 00:10:56,880

us every single day as we take america's

193

00:11:02,150 --> 00:10:59,440

next giant leap in space with planned

194

00:11:04,389 --> 00:11:02,160

human missions to an asteroid into mars

195

00:11:06,069 --> 00:11:04,399

at today's ceremony we will present the

196

00:11:08,389 --> 00:11:06,079

highest honors we bestow on our

197

00:11:10,069 --> 00:11:08,399

workforce the distinguished service

198

00:11:11,509 --> 00:11:10,079

medal and the distinguished public

199

00:11:13,590 --> 00:11:11,519

service medal

200

00:11:16,310 --> 00:11:13,600

these recipients today have dedicated a

201
00:11:18,389 --> 00:11:16,320
significant portion of their careers to

202
00:11:20,790 --> 00:11:18,399
making sure our nation reaches the high

203
00:11:21,910 --> 00:11:20,800
goals that nasa is called upon to make

204
00:11:24,230 --> 00:11:21,920
reality

205
00:11:26,550 --> 00:11:24,240
they represent a commitment to the

206
00:11:28,870 --> 00:11:26,560
specific area of expertise that has

207
00:11:31,110 --> 00:11:28,880
advanced our missions and made it

208
00:11:33,590 --> 00:11:31,120
possible to do the impossible

209
00:11:36,069 --> 00:11:33,600
as we celebrate their excellence we

210
00:11:38,230 --> 00:11:36,079
celebrate all of nasa and the grand

211
00:11:40,470 --> 00:11:38,240
challenges our agency meets

212
00:11:41,670 --> 00:11:40,480
which give rise to such passion and

213
00:11:43,269 --> 00:11:41,680

talent

214

00:11:45,750 --> 00:11:43,279

we are all the better for these

215

00:11:48,550 --> 00:11:45,760

distinguished public servants efforts

216

00:11:50,470 --> 00:11:48,560

on behalf of the agency i congratulate

217

00:11:53,030 --> 00:11:50,480

them all and look forward to the to the

218

00:11:54,629 --> 00:11:53,040

continuing results of their innovation

219

00:11:57,269 --> 00:11:54,639

and hard work

220

00:11:59,110 --> 00:11:57,279

before we hand out the awards i want to

221

00:12:00,550 --> 00:11:59,120

introduce our guest speaker

222

00:12:02,629 --> 00:12:00,560

a gentleman who represents the

223

00:12:04,310 --> 00:12:02,639

innovation and forward thinking that we

224

00:12:06,470 --> 00:12:04,320

do at nasa

225

00:12:08,150 --> 00:12:06,480

bill beruki has worked at nasa for more

226

00:12:11,350 --> 00:12:08,160

than 50 years

227

00:12:13,350 --> 00:12:11,360

from 1962 through 1972

228

00:12:15,190 --> 00:12:13,360

he conducted laboratory and theoretical

229

00:12:16,629 --> 00:12:15,200

studies of the radiation environment of

230

00:12:18,150 --> 00:12:16,639

entry vehicles

231

00:12:20,310 --> 00:12:18,160

he developed spectroscopic

232

00:12:22,949 --> 00:12:20,320

instrumentation to determine the plasma

233

00:12:24,949 --> 00:12:22,959

properties of hypervelocity shock waves

234

00:12:27,430 --> 00:12:24,959

and the results were used in the design

235

00:12:28,550 --> 00:12:27,440

of the heat shields for for the apollo

236

00:12:30,629 --> 00:12:28,560

missions

237

00:12:33,030 --> 00:12:30,639

bill has long been interested in planets

238

00:12:35,190 --> 00:12:33,040

and other solar systems he has studied

239

00:12:37,670 --> 00:12:35,200

the effects of lightning in other

240

00:12:39,910 --> 00:12:37,680

planetary atmospheres and has authored

241

00:12:41,990 --> 00:12:39,920

papers about how to observe planets

242

00:12:44,150 --> 00:12:42,000

orbiting other stars

243

00:12:46,470 --> 00:12:44,160

ultimately bill's dream to observe

244

00:12:48,550 --> 00:12:46,480

planets and other solar systems came

245

00:12:51,590 --> 00:12:48,560

about with the launch of the kepler

246

00:12:54,389 --> 00:12:51,600

observatory in 2007. he's smiling down

247

00:12:56,389 --> 00:12:54,399

there because he he's a happy guy

248

00:12:58,230 --> 00:12:56,399

that mission for which he serves as

249

00:12:59,990 --> 00:12:58,240

principal investigator has been a

250

00:13:01,990 --> 00:13:00,000

smashing success

251
00:13:03,670 --> 00:13:02,000
to date out of more than forty two

252
00:13:06,629 --> 00:13:03,680
hundred planet candidates observed by

253
00:13:07,910 --> 00:13:06,639
kepler scientists have confirmed nearly

254
00:13:09,670 --> 00:13:07,920
one thousand

255
00:13:11,829 --> 00:13:09,680
these planets include many different

256
00:13:15,430 --> 00:13:11,839
types including those near the size of

257
00:13:17,750 --> 00:13:15,440
earth in that tantalizing habitable zone

258
00:13:19,110 --> 00:13:17,760
where we orbit where life could be

259
00:13:21,670 --> 00:13:19,120
possible

260
00:13:23,990 --> 00:13:21,680
bill has a fascinating career fueled by

261
00:13:25,430 --> 00:13:24,000
multiple stem degrees in physics and

262
00:13:27,190 --> 00:13:25,440
meteorology

263
00:13:29,990 --> 00:13:27,200

his work points to one of our key

264

00:13:32,629 --> 00:13:30,000

focuses in the future the search for

265

00:13:52,949 --> 00:13:32,639

life elsewhere please help me welcome

266

00:13:58,949 --> 00:13:56,710

it's a privilege to be here with you as

267

00:14:00,550 --> 00:13:58,959

these many people receive their

268

00:14:03,030 --> 00:14:00,560

awards

269

00:14:04,870 --> 00:14:03,040

it's also an opportunity to talk about

270

00:14:10,790 --> 00:14:04,880

the kepler mission

271

00:14:13,430 --> 00:14:10,800

step in our exploration of our galaxy

272

00:14:16,389 --> 00:14:13,440

it's basically to determine the

273

00:14:19,910 --> 00:14:16,399

frequency of earth-sized planets

274

00:14:22,870 --> 00:14:19,920

the habitable zone of stars uh like the

275

00:14:24,150 --> 00:14:22,880

sun throughout our galaxy if we find

276

00:14:25,430 --> 00:14:24,160

many such

277

00:14:28,389 --> 00:14:25,440

there's probably life throughout our

278

00:14:30,790 --> 00:14:28,399

galaxy we find few such we may be the

279

00:14:32,310 --> 00:14:30,800

only extant life

280

00:14:35,350 --> 00:14:32,320

so i will tell you a little bit about

281

00:14:40,389 --> 00:14:38,710

could i have the next slide please

282

00:14:43,030 --> 00:14:40,399

i would like to start out and show

283

00:14:45,590 --> 00:14:43,040

people what the formation of a planetary

284

00:14:48,629 --> 00:14:45,600

system looks like basically we know the

285

00:14:50,550 --> 00:14:48,639

galaxies has giant molecular clouds and

286

00:14:51,990 --> 00:14:50,560

these clouds are dust and gas and

287

00:14:54,310 --> 00:14:52,000

sometimes they get disturbed by a

288

00:14:56,550 --> 00:14:54,320

supernova or something like that and

289

00:14:59,509 --> 00:14:56,560

part of that cloud collapses under

290

00:15:02,710 --> 00:14:59,519

gravity spins up into a flat disk of

291

00:15:05,030 --> 00:15:02,720

dust and gas that dust and gas

292

00:15:07,189 --> 00:15:05,040

produces the planet and the star

293

00:15:21,990 --> 00:15:07,199

the

294

00:15:24,790 --> 00:15:22,000

are in that plane

295

00:15:26,629 --> 00:15:24,800

we also use it to explain why

296

00:15:28,310 --> 00:15:26,639

we have the refractory planets the

297

00:15:30,629 --> 00:15:28,320

planets that are made of rocks

298

00:15:32,790 --> 00:15:30,639

mercury venus earth and mars close to

299

00:15:34,470 --> 00:15:32,800

this to our sun the thought is well they

300

00:15:36,230 --> 00:15:34,480

were forming near our sun and

301
00:15:37,829 --> 00:15:36,240
consequently the only thing that could

302
00:15:40,069 --> 00:15:37,839
condense out with those high

303
00:15:41,749 --> 00:15:40,079
temperatures was rocky materials so

304
00:15:44,629 --> 00:15:41,759
naturally we would find these rocky

305
00:15:46,870 --> 00:15:44,639
planets close to our star further out

306
00:15:48,710 --> 00:15:46,880
where the orbits much larger there's

307
00:15:51,509 --> 00:15:48,720
more material to a crete to build a big

308
00:15:53,269 --> 00:15:51,519
planet that planet gets big quickly

309
00:15:55,670 --> 00:15:53,279
attracts the hydrogen helium from that

310
00:15:57,990 --> 00:15:55,680
dust and gas disk it becomes the giant

311
00:15:59,829 --> 00:15:58,000
planets that's pretty much what we find

312
00:16:01,829 --> 00:15:59,839
with exception we find these giant

313
00:16:03,829 --> 00:16:01,839

planets not where we find jupiter

314

00:16:06,310 --> 00:16:03,839

necessarily but all over

315

00:16:08,230 --> 00:16:06,320

and so what that's telling us in fact is

316

00:16:09,110 --> 00:16:08,240

that if you find them close to the star

317

00:16:15,910 --> 00:16:09,120

or

318

00:16:18,310 --> 00:16:15,920

of the planetary systems so that's a new

319

00:16:19,990 --> 00:16:18,320

aspect that we learned about in our own

320

00:16:22,069 --> 00:16:20,000

planetary that

321

00:16:23,030 --> 00:16:22,079

tells about our own planetary system as

322

00:16:25,990 --> 00:16:23,040

well

323

00:16:32,069 --> 00:16:29,189

as as uh dr boldness has mentioned is

324

00:16:33,910 --> 00:16:32,079

that we have found some 4 200 planetary

325

00:16:36,150 --> 00:16:33,920

candidates

326

00:16:38,629 --> 00:16:36,160

signals that really tell us we we have a

327

00:16:40,550 --> 00:16:38,639

planet but we always want to confirm

328

00:16:42,069 --> 00:16:40,560

them do some ground-based work with

329

00:16:43,590 --> 00:16:42,079

large telescopes

330

00:16:45,990 --> 00:16:43,600

mathematical work with the signals

331

00:16:48,389 --> 00:16:46,000

themselves to be sure that it's not a

332

00:16:50,230 --> 00:16:48,399

small star crossing a large star or

333

00:16:52,389 --> 00:16:50,240

double star something like that and what

334

00:16:54,550 --> 00:16:52,399

we're showing now is a group of planets

335

00:16:55,990 --> 00:16:54,560

from that group of

336

00:16:58,629 --> 00:16:56,000

confirmed planets

337

00:17:01,269 --> 00:16:58,639

and for scale we have uh on the second

338

00:17:02,949 --> 00:17:01,279

row you can see uh jupiter the biggest

339

00:17:04,870 --> 00:17:02,959

planet in our planetary system and then

340

00:17:06,390 --> 00:17:04,880

there's neptune down there and right at

341

00:17:07,909 --> 00:17:06,400

the bottom is earth

342

00:17:10,309 --> 00:17:07,919

the thing to notice is there's a lot of

343

00:17:12,230 --> 00:17:10,319

planets bigger than jupiter

344

00:17:13,590 --> 00:17:12,240

now people knew early on that there

345

00:17:16,230 --> 00:17:13,600

wouldn't be any planets bigger than

346

00:17:18,949 --> 00:17:16,240

jupiter because if you took jupiter and

347

00:17:20,789 --> 00:17:18,959

you added mass to it it would get denser

348

00:17:23,429 --> 00:17:20,799

after all jupiter is the size of a small

349

00:17:25,110 --> 00:17:23,439

star that's not what happens

350

00:17:26,630 --> 00:17:25,120

it does they do inflate a little bit if

351
00:17:28,789 --> 00:17:26,640
they're close to the star but these have

352
00:17:31,029 --> 00:17:28,799
inflated much more than that and so

353
00:17:33,350 --> 00:17:31,039
theoreticians are having a wonderful

354
00:17:35,990 --> 00:17:33,360
time trying to come up with explanations

355
00:17:38,630 --> 00:17:36,000
for such planets some of those planets

356
00:17:41,669 --> 00:17:38,640
have a density less than that of water

357
00:17:45,190 --> 00:17:41,679
have density in fact that of a styrofoam

358
00:17:47,669 --> 00:17:45,200
coffee cup and that's hard to explain

359
00:17:50,470 --> 00:17:47,679
let's go on to the next slide please

360
00:17:52,310 --> 00:17:50,480
and what we have here is a collection of

361
00:17:54,230 --> 00:17:52,320
all these different planetary candidates

362
00:17:57,430 --> 00:17:54,240
and confirmed planets and we have the

363
00:17:59,990 --> 00:17:57,440

bottom axis the orbital period from one

364

00:18:02,230 --> 00:18:00,000

day out to a hundred thousand days the

365

00:18:05,830 --> 00:18:02,240

vertical axis is how big are those

366

00:18:10,549 --> 00:18:05,840

planets and the one bar is at earth

367

00:18:12,310 --> 00:18:10,559

four at at neptune and 11 at jupiter

368

00:18:13,350 --> 00:18:12,320

the contribution from kepler is in

369

00:18:16,390 --> 00:18:13,360

yellow

370

00:18:19,110 --> 00:18:16,400

you can see a huge number of objects

371

00:18:20,789 --> 00:18:19,120

here and you'll notice that most of them

372

00:18:22,950 --> 00:18:20,799

are between the size of neptune and the

373

00:18:25,110 --> 00:18:22,960

size of earth and actually quite a few

374

00:18:28,870 --> 00:18:25,120

less than the size of earth we find

375

00:18:30,870 --> 00:18:28,880

planets earth size mars size venus size

376

00:18:33,190 --> 00:18:30,880

even some down as small as the moon i

377

00:18:35,350 --> 00:18:33,200

think we find even more but those small

378

00:18:37,990 --> 00:18:35,360

planets get lost in the noise we are

379

00:18:40,549 --> 00:18:38,000

still working to dig some of them out

380

00:18:41,909 --> 00:18:40,559

the blue are

381

00:18:43,029 --> 00:18:41,919

planets that have been found with

382

00:18:44,710 --> 00:18:43,039

another technique it says the

383

00:18:46,950 --> 00:18:44,720

photometric technique the radial

384

00:18:48,710 --> 00:18:46,960

velocity technique the photometric

385

00:18:51,110 --> 00:18:48,720

technique looks for planets to cross

386

00:18:54,230 --> 00:18:51,120

their stars and that dimming that occurs

387

00:18:56,470 --> 00:18:54,240

tells about tells us about the size

388

00:18:57,990 --> 00:18:56,480

and the orbital period when it repeats

389

00:19:00,470 --> 00:18:58,000

the radial velocity people are looking

390

00:19:03,190 --> 00:19:00,480

at the motion of the star and they use

391

00:19:04,070 --> 00:19:03,200

that to find in particular long

392

00:19:05,990 --> 00:19:04,080

orbit

393

00:19:08,950 --> 00:19:06,000

planets they've been operating for about

394

00:19:11,110 --> 00:19:08,960

25 years and you can see they find

395

00:19:13,350 --> 00:19:11,120

planets out with orbital periods of many

396

00:19:14,470 --> 00:19:13,360

years and they tend to find the bigger

397

00:19:15,830 --> 00:19:14,480

planets

398

00:19:17,669 --> 00:19:15,840

the red dots there i don't know if you

399

00:19:20,310 --> 00:19:17,679

can notice them or not are another

400

00:19:22,070 --> 00:19:20,320

technique that we use and that is we

401
00:19:24,310 --> 00:19:22,080
look with telescopes at the center of

402
00:19:27,029 --> 00:19:24,320
our galaxy which is just crowded with

403
00:19:27,750 --> 00:19:27,039
stars and that light as it comes toward

404
00:19:31,110 --> 00:19:27,760
us

405
00:19:34,390 --> 00:19:31,120
passes the galactic the the red dwarfs

406
00:19:37,190 --> 00:19:34,400
in our galaxy our galaxies may be half

407
00:19:39,350 --> 00:19:37,200
of these small red dim stars and we

408
00:19:41,590 --> 00:19:39,360
can't see them generally but the light

409
00:19:43,909 --> 00:19:41,600
passes over them and is focused down

410
00:19:45,590 --> 00:19:43,919
into our telescope and so we see when

411
00:19:47,669 --> 00:19:45,600
those things align

412
00:19:49,750 --> 00:19:47,679
the signal from the far away star

413
00:19:52,150 --> 00:19:49,760

brighten up and then dim over a period

414

00:19:53,830 --> 00:19:52,160

of days and weeks and we look for little

415

00:19:55,830 --> 00:19:53,840

glitches those little glitches on that

416

00:19:58,150 --> 00:19:55,840

curve tell us about the planets that

417

00:20:00,950 --> 00:19:58,160

orbit those stars so several different

418

00:20:03,350 --> 00:20:00,960

techniques being used here to find all

419

00:20:04,830 --> 00:20:03,360

these planets

420

00:20:07,750 --> 00:20:04,840

next

421

00:20:10,310 --> 00:20:07,760

figure with science is also about

422

00:20:12,710 --> 00:20:10,320

numbers we need to know the numbers and

423

00:20:15,190 --> 00:20:12,720

numbers allow us to develop the theories

424

00:20:17,190 --> 00:20:15,200

that really represent our reality and

425

00:20:19,750 --> 00:20:17,200

here are numbers

426
00:20:20,870 --> 00:20:19,760
earth-sized planets almost 700 that we

427
00:20:22,870 --> 00:20:20,880
have found

428
00:20:24,310 --> 00:20:22,880
this was as of november we found even

429
00:20:27,190 --> 00:20:24,320
more since then

430
00:20:28,789 --> 00:20:27,200
almost 1100 super earth size up to twice

431
00:20:30,630 --> 00:20:28,799
the size of earth

432
00:20:32,870 --> 00:20:30,640
and those two categories are very very

433
00:20:34,789 --> 00:20:32,880
important they're the planets that are

434
00:20:36,470 --> 00:20:34,799
very likely to be like the earth in a

435
00:20:39,029 --> 00:20:36,480
sense they're rocky planets they have a

436
00:20:40,870 --> 00:20:39,039
surface you might walk upon

437
00:20:42,630 --> 00:20:40,880
as the planets get bigger neptune size

438
00:20:44,710 --> 00:20:42,640

and larger you're talking about plants

439

00:20:47,270 --> 00:20:44,720

with much more massive atmospheres much

440

00:20:49,510 --> 00:20:47,280

higher pressures and systems that may

441

00:20:52,149 --> 00:20:49,520

not have solid surface they may be more

442

00:20:54,630 --> 00:20:52,159

like the gas giants like like jupiter

443

00:20:56,789 --> 00:20:54,640

jupiter is a planet where in fact if you

444

00:20:59,270 --> 00:20:56,799

threw something small in

445

00:21:00,470 --> 00:20:59,280

a brick the earth it would just drop

446

00:21:02,870 --> 00:21:00,480

right on through

447

00:21:05,510 --> 00:21:02,880

except of course jupiter is so hot that

448

00:21:07,590 --> 00:21:05,520

anything dropped into it would evaporate

449

00:21:09,190 --> 00:21:07,600

so it's a very different kind of planet

450

00:21:11,350 --> 00:21:09,200

than we're thinking about when we think

451
00:21:12,789 --> 00:21:11,360
about earth-sized planets notice that

452
00:21:14,390 --> 00:21:12,799
when we get the jupiter-sized planets

453
00:21:16,070 --> 00:21:14,400
there are very few of them and yet

454
00:21:20,149 --> 00:21:16,080
they're the easiest kinds of planets for

455
00:21:24,789 --> 00:21:22,710
and so it really tells us for sure there

456
00:21:26,950 --> 00:21:24,799
are lots of small planets

457
00:21:29,190 --> 00:21:26,960
but we miss a lot of small planets we

458
00:21:30,950 --> 00:21:29,200
know that and we can calculate the

459
00:21:33,430 --> 00:21:30,960
fraction that we miss

460
00:21:34,470 --> 00:21:33,440
we miss planets that have long orbital

461
00:21:35,830 --> 00:21:34,480
periods

462
00:21:37,750 --> 00:21:35,840
like that of the earth we don't see

463
00:21:39,270 --> 00:21:37,760

enough transits have the signal come out

464

00:21:41,430 --> 00:21:39,280

of the noise

465

00:21:43,909 --> 00:21:41,440

we also miss a lot of planets because

466

00:21:46,710 --> 00:21:43,919

for photometry to see a planet you have

467

00:21:49,029 --> 00:21:46,720

to see the planet along its orbit so the

468

00:21:51,190 --> 00:21:49,039

orbit across the sun is in your line of

469

00:21:52,950 --> 00:21:51,200

sight so you see that transit that

470

00:21:55,270 --> 00:21:52,960

blocking of the starlight

471

00:21:57,430 --> 00:21:55,280

and that happens

472

00:21:59,669 --> 00:21:57,440

randomly about in fact you can calculate

473

00:22:01,990 --> 00:21:59,679

how often it happens for a given planet

474

00:22:04,470 --> 00:22:02,000

a certain distance it's diameter of the

475

00:22:06,230 --> 00:22:04,480

star divided by the diameter the orbit

476
00:22:08,789 --> 00:22:06,240
for short period orbits 10 days or

477
00:22:10,710 --> 00:22:08,799
something like that that's 10

478
00:22:12,390 --> 00:22:10,720
you miss 90

479
00:22:14,789 --> 00:22:12,400
other planets

480
00:22:16,630 --> 00:22:14,799
if you're talking about earth out at 1au

481
00:22:18,630 --> 00:22:16,640
you miss over

482
00:22:20,230 --> 00:22:18,640
not you your probability of finding it

483
00:22:22,870 --> 00:22:20,240
is about a percent or maybe half a

484
00:22:24,230 --> 00:22:22,880
percent so you're missing 99 out of

485
00:22:26,710 --> 00:22:24,240
every 100.

486
00:22:28,710 --> 00:22:26,720
but the nice thing is you know how many

487
00:22:30,149 --> 00:22:28,720
you're missing so you can correct for

488
00:22:32,310 --> 00:22:30,159

that bias

489

00:22:35,110 --> 00:22:32,320

and so as we correct for the biases we

490

00:22:37,029 --> 00:22:35,120

can take this measured distribution this

491

00:22:39,110 --> 00:22:37,039

sample distribution and go and look at

492

00:22:40,789 --> 00:22:39,120

the parent distribution that represents

493

00:22:42,390 --> 00:22:40,799

what's really out there can i have the

494

00:22:45,029 --> 00:22:42,400

next figure please

495

00:22:46,950 --> 00:22:45,039

and this is a a chart that one of our

496

00:22:48,870 --> 00:22:46,960

team members chris burke put together

497

00:22:52,310 --> 00:22:48,880

for us to tell us when you correct those

498

00:22:54,630 --> 00:22:52,320

biases what do you find for earth-sized

499

00:22:56,470 --> 00:22:54,640

planets now this is very preliminary it

500

00:22:58,390 --> 00:22:56,480

will certainly change in the coming

501
00:23:00,390 --> 00:22:58,400
months and years as we continue to

502
00:23:02,230 --> 00:23:00,400
analyze all the kepler data but the

503
00:23:04,230 --> 00:23:02,240
first thing it shows you is a huge

504
00:23:06,149 --> 00:23:04,240
number of earth-sized planets out there

505
00:23:08,390 --> 00:23:06,159
than super earth-sized planets and

506
00:23:10,470 --> 00:23:08,400
smaller planets if you look at that left

507
00:23:12,710 --> 00:23:10,480
axis that often accesses say how many

508
00:23:15,750 --> 00:23:12,720
planets per star

509
00:23:17,669 --> 00:23:15,760
point five fifty percent twenty percent

510
00:23:19,830 --> 00:23:17,679
of a planet may be twice the size of

511
00:23:23,350 --> 00:23:19,840
earth so if you sum those together it's

512
00:23:25,110 --> 00:23:23,360
saying most stars have small planets

513
00:23:26,870 --> 00:23:25,120

most stars they're not necessarily the

514

00:23:28,230 --> 00:23:26,880

habitable zone so there are a lot of

515

00:23:29,590 --> 00:23:28,240

earths out there

516

00:23:31,350 --> 00:23:29,600

let's look at some of the planets that

517

00:23:34,390 --> 00:23:31,360

kepler has found because they're really

518

00:23:35,830 --> 00:23:34,400

a very strange and very varied lot and

519

00:23:37,909 --> 00:23:35,840

in particular we're going to look at the

520

00:23:39,029 --> 00:23:37,919

planets that are most easily found those

521

00:23:40,789 --> 00:23:39,039

are the ones that show us lots of

522

00:23:43,110 --> 00:23:40,799

transits but they're very close to their

523

00:23:45,110 --> 00:23:43,120

star and thus very hot next figure

524

00:23:47,510 --> 00:23:45,120

please

525

00:23:48,789 --> 00:23:47,520

here's an object orbiting its star

526

00:23:50,789 --> 00:23:48,799

it's year

527

00:23:52,950 --> 00:23:50,799

a 16 hours

528

00:23:55,350 --> 00:23:52,960

so it's spinning about that star it's

529

00:23:58,029 --> 00:23:55,360

very close to its star and because it's

530

00:24:00,230 --> 00:23:58,039

close it's at a very high temperature

531

00:24:01,029 --> 00:24:00,240

2300 kelvin

532

00:24:04,390 --> 00:24:01,039

now

533

00:24:05,590 --> 00:24:04,400

that's hot that's really hot if you said

534

00:24:07,590 --> 00:24:05,600

you know what's the temperature of

535

00:24:09,750 --> 00:24:07,600

molten lava on the earth

536

00:24:12,390 --> 00:24:09,760

1600 1700

537

00:24:14,870 --> 00:24:12,400

how about mold and iron 1850 this is

538

00:24:17,590 --> 00:24:14,880

hotter than that this object is

539

00:24:19,669 --> 00:24:17,600

evaporating and we don't see the object

540

00:24:21,909 --> 00:24:19,679

we see the trail of all the material

541

00:24:24,310 --> 00:24:21,919

flowing off that object

542

00:24:26,230 --> 00:24:24,320

its lifetime one overview of lifetime is

543

00:24:28,950 --> 00:24:26,240

about 200 million years so it's just

544

00:24:31,590 --> 00:24:28,960

disappearing before our very eyes

545

00:24:35,590 --> 00:24:33,590

this is a planet about one and a half

546

00:24:37,990 --> 00:24:35,600

times the size of the earth again in a

547

00:24:39,510 --> 00:24:38,000

short period orbit very very hot

548

00:24:41,830 --> 00:24:39,520

but this planet

549

00:24:44,149 --> 00:24:41,840

we get its size from photometry the

550

00:24:46,549 --> 00:24:44,159

dimming of the star but we also because

551
00:24:48,390 --> 00:24:46,559
it's massive can measure with the radial

552
00:24:50,070 --> 00:24:48,400
velocity technique the movement of the

553
00:24:51,590 --> 00:24:50,080
star it's mass

554
00:24:54,070 --> 00:24:51,600
if you got the size you've got the mass

555
00:24:57,029 --> 00:24:54,080
you can get get the density the density

556
00:24:59,590 --> 00:24:57,039
of this object is 5.8 grams per cubic

557
00:25:02,390 --> 00:24:59,600
centimeter water is one

558
00:25:04,789 --> 00:25:02,400
earth is 5.5 so this is denser than

559
00:25:07,830 --> 00:25:04,799
earth it probably has a heavier iron

560
00:25:10,310 --> 00:25:07,840
core in a silicate rock cover

561
00:25:12,950 --> 00:25:10,320
but the temperature is some 1800 kelvin

562
00:25:15,669 --> 00:25:12,960
i believe that's the number there

563
00:25:18,310 --> 00:25:15,679

very hot so it's it's hotter than well

564

00:25:22,149 --> 00:25:18,320

it's probably got a molten lava ocean

565

00:25:26,630 --> 00:25:22,159

that faces its star again no life

566

00:25:31,430 --> 00:25:28,549

one of the uh

567

00:25:32,470 --> 00:25:31,440

one of the questions we've had is double

568

00:25:33,990 --> 00:25:32,480

stars

569

00:25:36,310 --> 00:25:34,000

you know when you were a child

570

00:25:38,390 --> 00:25:36,320

you probably wished upon a star

571

00:25:41,029 --> 00:25:38,400

well about 50 of the stars that you wish

572

00:25:42,870 --> 00:25:41,039

upon are actually binary stars a few of

573

00:25:45,110 --> 00:25:42,880

those are trinary stars and so the

574

00:25:47,590 --> 00:25:45,120

question is with all those binary stars

575

00:25:50,470 --> 00:25:47,600

out there do they have planets too

576

00:25:53,110 --> 00:25:50,480

theory said at first no the movement of

577

00:25:54,470 --> 00:25:53,120

the two stars would inject momentum into

578

00:25:56,470 --> 00:25:54,480

that planet and the planet would be

579

00:25:57,990 --> 00:25:56,480

ejected from the planetary system that's

580

00:25:59,909 --> 00:25:58,000

not what theory says today and it's

581

00:26:02,149 --> 00:25:59,919

certainly not what we find here's an

582

00:26:05,350 --> 00:26:02,159

example of a planet that we found

583

00:26:08,070 --> 00:26:05,360

orbiting a double star system

584

00:26:09,110 --> 00:26:08,080

is it luke skywalker's home

585

00:26:12,710 --> 00:26:09,120

well you know if you look at the

586

00:26:14,710 --> 00:26:12,720

temperature minus 125 fahrenheit colder

587

00:26:16,390 --> 00:26:14,720

than the antarctic the answer is this is

588

00:26:18,950 --> 00:26:16,400

not a great place to farm

589

00:26:21,190 --> 00:26:18,960

so no so we have to keep looking

590

00:26:23,190 --> 00:26:21,200

next figure

591

00:26:25,430 --> 00:26:23,200

so here's another double star this

592

00:26:27,750 --> 00:26:25,440

double star has two planets orbiting it

593

00:26:30,310 --> 00:26:27,760

one of which is the habitable zone this

594

00:26:31,830 --> 00:26:30,320

is the large planet there uh

595

00:26:33,430 --> 00:26:31,840

unfortunately although it's inhabitable

596

00:26:36,390 --> 00:26:33,440

zone it's too large it's bigger than

597

00:26:38,470 --> 00:26:36,400

neptune so it's it's not a rocky planet

598

00:26:40,630 --> 00:26:38,480

and so this is not his home

599

00:26:42,149 --> 00:26:40,640

on the other hand planets this big

600

00:26:43,909 --> 00:26:42,159

can have big moons

601
00:26:46,149 --> 00:26:43,919
any moon of a planet and habitable zone

602
00:26:47,350 --> 00:26:46,159
is also an inhabitable cell moons like

603
00:26:49,669 --> 00:26:47,360
titan have

604
00:26:51,990 --> 00:26:49,679
big atmospheres strong thick atmospheres

605
00:26:53,029 --> 00:26:52,000
maybe the moon is as big as the earth

606
00:26:55,269 --> 00:26:53,039
maybe it's

607
00:26:57,190 --> 00:26:55,279
we found pandora but actually we haven't

608
00:26:59,350 --> 00:26:57,200
found any moons we've looked for moons

609
00:27:01,190 --> 00:26:59,360
around these planets we've picked up

610
00:27:02,470 --> 00:27:01,200
signals that we thought were moons but

611
00:27:04,830 --> 00:27:02,480
we haven't been able to prove any of

612
00:27:07,510 --> 00:27:04,840
those we're actually but we continue to

613
00:27:08,870 --> 00:27:07,520

look let's go on and find something

614

00:27:11,430 --> 00:27:08,880

smaller we need something closer to the

615

00:27:15,750 --> 00:27:11,440

size of the earth this is kepler 22 it's

616

00:27:17,909 --> 00:27:15,760

a planet 2.4 times the size of the earth

617

00:27:18,830 --> 00:27:17,919

now that's interesting

618

00:27:24,310 --> 00:27:18,840

it's not

619

00:27:26,870 --> 00:27:24,320

unlike any planet our solar system there

620

00:27:29,750 --> 00:27:26,880

is no analog in our solar system to this

621

00:27:31,909 --> 00:27:29,760

planet is it rocky probably not is it

622

00:27:33,669 --> 00:27:31,919

like neptune probably not

623

00:27:34,389 --> 00:27:33,679

theorists say what we might be finding

624

00:27:36,710 --> 00:27:34,399

here

625

00:27:38,310 --> 00:27:36,720

and we find a lot of these

626

00:27:40,230 --> 00:27:38,320

our water planets planets composed

627

00:27:41,350 --> 00:27:40,240

mostly of water and isis at high

628

00:27:42,870 --> 00:27:41,360

pressure

629

00:27:45,909 --> 00:27:42,880

and the ocean would be hot it would have

630

00:27:47,350 --> 00:27:45,919

maybe a steam atmosphere

631

00:27:48,789 --> 00:27:47,360

george

632

00:27:51,750 --> 00:27:48,799

luke skywalker probably doesn't live

633

00:27:53,350 --> 00:27:51,760

here either but could it have life

634

00:27:55,909 --> 00:27:53,360

well the temperature may be you know

635

00:27:58,070 --> 00:27:55,919

close to boiling but we know that in our

636

00:27:59,510 --> 00:27:58,080

own oceans the deep sea vents have

637

00:28:01,350 --> 00:27:59,520

temperatures well over boiling and

638

00:28:03,669 --> 00:28:01,360

there's lots of life that likes those

639

00:28:05,029 --> 00:28:03,679

hot temperatures so this may be an ocean

640

00:28:06,549 --> 00:28:05,039

with life

641

00:28:08,389 --> 00:28:06,559

with little creatures and big creatures

642

00:28:09,669 --> 00:28:08,399

that eat little creatures

643

00:28:11,669 --> 00:28:09,679

little creatures generally don't like

644

00:28:13,830 --> 00:28:11,679

that so when they see a predator they

645

00:28:16,070 --> 00:28:13,840

try to jump out of the water like our

646

00:28:18,070 --> 00:28:16,080

fish do in our own oceans we have flying

647

00:28:19,669 --> 00:28:18,080

fish maybe they have fish that have

648

00:28:22,230 --> 00:28:19,679

evolved into birds

649

00:28:24,789 --> 00:28:22,240

we don't know but we need people to

650

00:28:25,830 --> 00:28:24,799

generate missions to go and find out are

651
00:28:27,510 --> 00:28:25,840
there fish

652
00:28:28,830 --> 00:28:27,520
on this planet

653
00:28:31,190 --> 00:28:28,840
let's go

654
00:28:32,870 --> 00:28:31,200
on well we need to find planets close to

655
00:28:34,870 --> 00:28:32,880
the size of the earth and we are finding

656
00:28:37,430 --> 00:28:34,880
them and lots of them here are two

657
00:28:39,110 --> 00:28:37,440
planets called kepler 62 e and f and we

658
00:28:41,669 --> 00:28:39,120
have this green zone the green zone

659
00:28:43,190 --> 00:28:41,679
represents the region around a star

660
00:28:44,870 --> 00:28:43,200
where the temperature would be cool

661
00:28:46,870 --> 00:28:44,880
enough so you could have water on the

662
00:28:48,789 --> 00:28:46,880
surface of a rocky planet it's actually

663
00:28:50,070 --> 00:28:48,799

a measure of the solar flux the heating

664

00:28:52,870 --> 00:28:50,080

to that area

665

00:28:54,389 --> 00:28:52,880

and the green area to the top is smaller

666

00:28:56,470 --> 00:28:54,399

than the area

667

00:28:57,750 --> 00:28:56,480

in the bottom which represents our solar

668

00:28:59,590 --> 00:28:57,760

system

669

00:29:00,870 --> 00:28:59,600

and that's because the star that we're

670

00:29:02,950 --> 00:29:00,880

talking about is smaller it's about

671

00:29:05,269 --> 00:29:02,960

two-thirds the size of our sun so you

672

00:29:07,110 --> 00:29:05,279

have to cozy up to that star to be warm

673

00:29:08,630 --> 00:29:07,120

enough to be in the habitable zone but

674

00:29:12,070 --> 00:29:08,640

there are two planets

675

00:29:14,470 --> 00:29:12,080

the outer two 1.4 1.7 times the size of

676
00:29:16,710 --> 00:29:14,480
the earth

677
00:29:18,950 --> 00:29:16,720
in the habitable zone of a star somewhat

678
00:29:21,430 --> 00:29:18,960
similar to our own star

679
00:29:23,830 --> 00:29:21,440
so certainly a possibility of life but

680
00:29:25,750 --> 00:29:23,840
do we know there's life there we don't

681
00:29:28,149 --> 00:29:25,760
know from with kepler that it has an

682
00:29:31,510 --> 00:29:28,159
atmosphere that it has an ocean much

683
00:29:33,430 --> 00:29:31,520
less life kepler was a discovery mission

684
00:29:35,830 --> 00:29:33,440
go out and find out are there lots of

685
00:29:38,470 --> 00:29:35,840
earths and we have we are finding that

686
00:29:40,950 --> 00:29:38,480
out but there's still a lot to do in the

687
00:29:42,389 --> 00:29:40,960
future to get answers about life on

688
00:29:43,669 --> 00:29:42,399

these planets

689

00:29:45,190 --> 00:29:43,679

those plants are still a little bit

690

00:29:47,830 --> 00:29:45,200

large so let's find an earth-sized

691

00:29:49,029 --> 00:29:47,840

planet next figure please

692

00:29:51,590 --> 00:29:49,039

here again

693

00:29:53,909 --> 00:29:51,600

we have this green zone but very tiny

694

00:29:54,710 --> 00:29:53,919

compared to the green zone the habitable

695

00:29:56,230 --> 00:29:54,720

zone

696

00:29:57,669 --> 00:29:56,240

around our own sun

697

00:30:00,149 --> 00:29:57,679

and this is because the star is about

698

00:30:02,710 --> 00:30:00,159

half the size of our sun

699

00:30:04,950 --> 00:30:02,720

but it does have a star a planet

700

00:30:07,830 --> 00:30:04,960

the size of the earth indistinguishable

701
00:30:10,870 --> 00:30:07,840
from the size of in the habitable zone

702
00:30:13,430 --> 00:30:10,880
and so again does it have life we simply

703
00:30:15,750 --> 00:30:13,440
don't know the answer to that it will be

704
00:30:17,669 --> 00:30:15,760
basically left for future generations

705
00:30:20,470 --> 00:30:17,679
for the young people to go and build

706
00:30:25,110 --> 00:30:20,480
those missions and find those answers

707
00:30:30,630 --> 00:30:26,789
so let's summarize what we've learned

708
00:30:33,990 --> 00:30:30,640
here most stars have planets

709
00:30:36,149 --> 00:30:34,000
earth-sized planets are common

710
00:30:38,470 --> 00:30:36,159
planets are being found many planets

711
00:30:40,389 --> 00:30:38,480
inhabitable zone but we've not yet found

712
00:30:42,389 --> 00:30:40,399
an earth-sized planet in the habitable zone

713
00:30:44,230 --> 00:30:42,399

of a stars identical to the sun we still

714

00:30:46,549 --> 00:30:44,240

have work to do

715

00:30:48,230 --> 00:30:46,559

but if you put all the numbers together

716

00:30:50,789 --> 00:30:48,240

what does that tell us we know there's

717

00:30:52,389 --> 00:30:50,799

300 billion stars in our galaxy

718

00:30:54,230 --> 00:30:52,399

a fraction of those are sun like a

719

00:30:55,909 --> 00:30:54,240

fraction of those have plants a fraction

720

00:30:57,590 --> 00:30:55,919

of earth's size a fraction of capitalism

721

00:31:00,149 --> 00:30:57,600

but the numbers come out to be of the

722

00:31:02,070 --> 00:31:00,159

order of a billion

723

00:31:06,149 --> 00:31:02,080

a billion

724

00:31:09,269 --> 00:31:06,159

earth in the habitable zone of stars

725

00:31:13,430 --> 00:31:11,029

we've made our first step in the

726

00:31:15,190 --> 00:31:13,440

exploration of our galaxy there's a lot

727

00:31:17,110 --> 00:31:15,200

out there to find

728

00:31:19,430 --> 00:31:17,120

but we have a long way to go

729

00:31:20,310 --> 00:31:19,440

do the planets have atmospheres do they

730

00:31:22,789 --> 00:31:20,320

have

731

00:31:26,470 --> 00:31:22,799

water and co2 in those atmospheres water

732

00:31:28,710 --> 00:31:26,480

and co2 what plants need to live

733

00:31:32,789 --> 00:31:28,720

what life needs and those plants of

734

00:31:35,190 --> 00:31:32,799

course can generate oxygen for animals

735

00:31:41,269 --> 00:31:35,200

is there

736

00:31:43,590 --> 00:31:41,279

intelligent life on the billion planets

737

00:31:45,350 --> 00:31:43,600

to me it leads to the big question

738

00:31:47,110 --> 00:31:45,360

and that is

739

00:31:50,389 --> 00:31:47,120

why hasn't said he heard anything from

740

00:31:51,669 --> 00:31:50,399

anybody billion planets

741

00:31:53,590 --> 00:31:51,679

silence

742

00:31:56,230 --> 00:31:53,600

they monitored tens of millions of

743

00:32:00,549 --> 00:31:56,240

channels for decades we haven't heard

744

00:32:03,110 --> 00:32:00,559

anything what does that mean

745

00:32:05,029 --> 00:32:03,120

it might mean that somehow there's a new

746

00:32:06,950 --> 00:32:05,039

communication system a new physical

747

00:32:09,669 --> 00:32:06,960

process that we know nothing about that

748

00:32:11,509 --> 00:32:09,679

we'll have to discover it might mean

749

00:32:13,350 --> 00:32:11,519

that it's very difficult for life to

750

00:32:15,750 --> 00:32:13,360

arise anywhere

751
00:32:18,310 --> 00:32:15,760
we're unusual

752
00:32:20,710 --> 00:32:18,320
life may exist in very few places in our

753
00:32:22,950 --> 00:32:20,720
galaxy it might mean that

754
00:32:25,430 --> 00:32:22,960
it might mean the opposite that it's

755
00:32:28,470 --> 00:32:25,440
easy for life to to to start we might

756
00:32:29,909 --> 00:32:28,480
find it mars and titan and enceladus all

757
00:32:32,230 --> 00:32:29,919
sorts of places

758
00:32:33,990 --> 00:32:32,240
but it doesn't evolve to intelligent

759
00:32:36,710 --> 00:32:34,000
life

760
00:32:38,710 --> 00:32:36,720
and

761
00:32:40,549 --> 00:32:38,720
people evolve to that point but then the

762
00:32:42,710 --> 00:32:40,559
catastrophe occurs they're near

763
00:32:45,269 --> 00:32:42,720

supernova and that sterilizes it an

764

00:32:47,430 --> 00:32:45,279

asteroid strikes possibly they

765

00:32:49,669 --> 00:32:47,440

themselves are unstable and get into a

766

00:32:51,430 --> 00:32:49,679

nuclear war or biological war we don't

767

00:32:53,590 --> 00:32:51,440

know the answer

768

00:32:55,350 --> 00:32:53,600

but we would sure like to

769

00:32:58,310 --> 00:32:55,360

so let me summarize finally with the

770

00:33:02,630 --> 00:33:00,710

this is a poem that was sent to us

771

00:33:05,110 --> 00:33:02,640

to the kepler

772

00:33:07,269 --> 00:33:05,120

project by a fan ray

773

00:33:09,669 --> 00:33:07,279

uh

774

00:33:11,350 --> 00:33:09,679

very good one somewhere

775

00:33:12,549 --> 00:33:11,360

somewhere there are mountains glistening

776

00:33:13,830 --> 00:33:12,559

in the snow

777

00:33:15,269 --> 00:33:13,840

some of their mountains that we shall

778

00:33:17,110 --> 00:33:15,279

never know

779

00:33:18,070 --> 00:33:17,120

somewhere there are rivers flowing fast

780

00:33:19,909 --> 00:33:18,080

and free

781

00:33:21,029 --> 00:33:19,919

some are there rivers that we can never

782

00:33:23,350 --> 00:33:21,039

see

783

00:33:24,950 --> 00:33:23,360

some are there oceans and sun drenched

784

00:33:27,190 --> 00:33:24,960

island sands

785

00:33:29,430 --> 00:33:27,200

forests full of creatures

786

00:33:31,590 --> 00:33:29,440

in vastly distant lands

787

00:33:33,190 --> 00:33:31,600

somewhere there's a planet beneath an

788

00:33:35,590 --> 00:33:33,200

alien star

789

00:33:38,630 --> 00:33:35,600

the people watch our tiny sun

790

00:33:41,430 --> 00:33:38,640

and wonder where we are one day perhaps

791

00:33:43,669 --> 00:33:41,440

we'll find them across the void of space

792

00:33:45,750 --> 00:33:43,679

perhaps through ways as yet not known

793

00:33:47,110 --> 00:33:45,760

we'll meet them face to face thank you

794

00:33:59,909 --> 00:33:47,120

and congratulations on your

795

00:34:03,430 --> 00:34:01,110

thank you mr baruchy for that

796

00:34:05,029 --> 00:34:03,440

sensational presentation we're truly

797

00:34:07,029 --> 00:34:05,039

fortunate to have you here with us today

798

00:34:08,629 --> 00:34:07,039

thank you very much mr bold and mr

799

00:34:10,869 --> 00:34:08,639

lightfoot will you please join me on

800

00:34:28,790 --> 00:34:10,879

stage for the presentation of nasa's

801
00:34:32,869 --> 00:34:30,230
ladies and gentlemen

802
00:34:34,950 --> 00:34:32,879
each year nasa recognizes individuals

803
00:34:36,790 --> 00:34:34,960
who have made a profound impact on

804
00:34:38,470 --> 00:34:36,800
nasa's mission success

805
00:34:41,430 --> 00:34:38,480
these individuals have been selected to

806
00:34:43,109 --> 00:34:41,440
receive one of two prestigious awards

807
00:34:45,030 --> 00:34:43,119
these are nasa's highest form of

808
00:34:46,950 --> 00:34:45,040
recognition that are awarded to both

809
00:34:49,430 --> 00:34:46,960
government employees

810
00:34:52,069 --> 00:34:49,440
or non-government individuals who by

811
00:34:54,710 --> 00:34:52,079
distinguished service ability

812
00:34:56,950 --> 00:34:54,720
or vision have personally contributed to

813
00:34:58,470 --> 00:34:56,960

nasa's advancement advancement of united

814

00:34:59,829 --> 00:34:58,480

states interests

815

00:35:02,870 --> 00:34:59,839

the individual's achievement or

816

00:35:04,550 --> 00:35:02,880

contribution must demonstrate

817

00:35:07,510 --> 00:35:04,560

a level of excellence that has made a

818

00:35:08,950 --> 00:35:07,520

profound or indelible impact on nasa's

819

00:35:11,109 --> 00:35:08,960

mission success

820

00:35:12,870 --> 00:35:11,119

and therefore the contribution is so

821

00:35:16,390 --> 00:35:12,880

extraordinary that other forms of

822

00:35:21,190 --> 00:35:16,400

recognition by nasa would be inadequate

823

00:35:27,990 --> 00:35:24,790

today we honor 23 in this category

824

00:35:30,230 --> 00:35:28,000

dr bruce e anderson

825

00:35:31,990 --> 00:35:30,240

is being honored for sustained

826

00:35:33,030 --> 00:35:32,000

distinguished service

827

00:35:34,870 --> 00:35:33,040

leadership

828

00:35:37,510 --> 00:35:34,880

and technical excellence within the

829

00:35:39,910 --> 00:35:37,520

research aviation community advancing

830

00:35:41,510 --> 00:35:39,920

understanding in earth science and

831

00:35:44,550 --> 00:35:41,520

aeronautics

832

00:35:46,550 --> 00:35:44,560

dr anderson's 24-year career at nasa has

833

00:35:47,829 --> 00:35:46,560

distinguished him as a respected

834

00:35:50,069 --> 00:35:47,839

researcher

835

00:35:52,710 --> 00:35:50,079

and leader of suborbital missions for

836

00:35:54,950 --> 00:35:52,720

atmospheric aerosol characterization as

837

00:35:57,750 --> 00:35:54,960

well as experimental advances to

838

00:36:00,310 --> 00:35:57,760

quantify aircraft engine emissions

839

00:36:02,630 --> 00:36:00,320

currently he serves as project scientist

840

00:36:05,030 --> 00:36:02,640

and principal investigator for aircraft

841

00:36:07,430 --> 00:36:05,040

emissions characterization studies for

842

00:36:09,190 --> 00:36:07,440

numerous experiments and studies

843

00:36:11,430 --> 00:36:09,200

widely respected for his exceptional

844

00:36:14,230 --> 00:36:11,440

leadership and technical contribution

845

00:36:15,670 --> 00:36:14,240

over the past two decades dr anderson

846

00:36:18,950 --> 00:36:15,680

has advanced our knowledge and

847

00:36:36,470 --> 00:36:18,960

understanding in aviation air quality

848

00:36:40,790 --> 00:36:39,270

miss julie m baker

849

00:36:42,150 --> 00:36:40,800

is being honored for exemplary

850

00:36:44,390 --> 00:36:42,160

leadership

851
00:36:46,230 --> 00:36:44,400
long-standing dedication

852
00:36:48,630 --> 00:36:46,240
high standards of conduct

853
00:36:50,390 --> 00:36:48,640
and infectious enthusiasm in managing

854
00:36:53,349 --> 00:36:50,400
goddard's budget and finances

855
00:36:56,470 --> 00:36:53,359
effectively and efficiently

856
00:36:58,630 --> 00:36:56,480
in 1978 miss baker began her career in

857
00:37:00,150 --> 00:36:58,640
nasa's international affairs office at

858
00:37:02,630 --> 00:37:00,160
headquarters

859
00:37:04,630 --> 00:37:02,640
in 2010 miss baker was appointed chief

860
00:37:05,990 --> 00:37:04,640
financial officer for goddard space

861
00:37:07,430 --> 00:37:06,000
flight center

862
00:37:09,270 --> 00:37:07,440
where she implements a rigorous

863
00:37:11,829 --> 00:37:09,280

financial program to ensure the

864

00:37:14,870 --> 00:37:11,839

financial health and well-being of the

865

00:37:17,990 --> 00:37:14,880

center's numerous projects and programs

866

00:37:20,230 --> 00:37:18,000

throughout her 35 years at nasa

867

00:37:23,349 --> 00:37:20,240

miss baker has utilized her astute

868

00:37:25,829 --> 00:37:23,359

knowledge of the federal budget process

869

00:37:27,910 --> 00:37:25,839

commitment to cost-benefit thinking and

870

00:37:30,150 --> 00:37:27,920

dynamic leadership to showcase

871

00:37:56,950 --> 00:37:30,160

unprecedented stewardship of nasa's

872

00:38:01,750 --> 00:37:59,589

dr james j bach who could not be with us

873

00:38:04,790 --> 00:38:01,760

today is being honored for extraordinary

874

00:38:06,550 --> 00:38:04,800

accomplishments in cosmology including

875

00:38:08,950 --> 00:38:06,560

development and application of new

876

00:38:10,870 --> 00:38:08,960

detector technology leading to dramatic

877

00:38:11,990 --> 00:38:10,880

advances in our knowledge of the

878

00:38:13,750 --> 00:38:12,000

universe

879

00:38:16,390 --> 00:38:13,760

an experimental astrophysicist and

880

00:38:18,390 --> 00:38:16,400

cosmologist for several decades dr bach

881

00:38:19,910 --> 00:38:18,400

has made profound contributions

882

00:38:22,550 --> 00:38:19,920

to several important scientific

883

00:38:24,550 --> 00:38:22,560

breakthroughs including ultra sensitive

884

00:38:27,750 --> 00:38:24,560

low temperature detectors for imaging

885

00:38:29,589 --> 00:38:27,760

the cosmic microwave background or cmb

886

00:38:31,430 --> 00:38:29,599

earlier this year dr bach and his

887

00:38:33,430 --> 00:38:31,440

colleagues made a stunning announcement

888

00:38:35,510 --> 00:38:33,440

of the detection of primordial

889

00:38:38,710 --> 00:38:35,520

gravitational waves through their unique

890

00:38:40,710 --> 00:38:38,720

signature on the polarization of cmb

891

00:38:43,030 --> 00:38:40,720

which provided strong support to the

892

00:38:45,030 --> 00:38:43,040

theory of cosmic inflation in the very

893

00:38:47,190 --> 00:38:45,040

early universe

894

00:38:49,910 --> 00:38:47,200

his new generation of ground-based and

895

00:38:52,550 --> 00:38:49,920

suborbital cmb experiments have played

896

00:38:55,190 --> 00:38:52,560

key roles in the nasa antarctic balloon

897

00:38:57,109 --> 00:38:55,200

experiment european space agency and

898

00:39:01,829 --> 00:38:57,119

nasa planck surveyor

899

00:39:04,870 --> 00:39:01,839

and esa nasa herschel space observatory

900

00:39:06,390 --> 00:39:04,880

dr thomas f brooks

901
00:39:09,109 --> 00:39:06,400
is being honored for sustained

902
00:39:11,430 --> 00:39:09,119
outstanding contributions to the science

903
00:39:14,150 --> 00:39:11,440
of the reduction of aerodynamic noise in

904
00:39:16,230 --> 00:39:14,160
the community

905
00:39:18,870 --> 00:39:16,240
dr brooks has dedicated 40 years of

906
00:39:21,270 --> 00:39:18,880
service to nasa langley research center

907
00:39:24,390 --> 00:39:21,280
in the discipline of aero acoustics the

908
00:39:26,150 --> 00:39:24,400
study of noise generation by airflow

909
00:39:28,390 --> 00:39:26,160
his pioneering efforts aimed at

910
00:39:31,109 --> 00:39:28,400
constraining unwanted aircraft noise

911
00:39:32,790 --> 00:39:31,119
within the airport boundary include work

912
00:39:34,790 --> 00:39:32,800
in helicopter rotor and fixed-wing

913
00:39:36,790 --> 00:39:34,800

airframe noise reduction

914

00:39:39,829 --> 00:39:36,800

a fellow of the american institute of

915

00:39:41,910 --> 00:39:39,839

aeronautics and astronautics or aia as

916

00:39:43,430 --> 00:39:41,920

well as the american helicopter society

917

00:39:45,430 --> 00:39:43,440

or ahs

918

00:39:47,349 --> 00:39:45,440

he holds four patents

919

00:39:48,790 --> 00:39:47,359

served as a mentor for junior engineers

920

00:39:51,430 --> 00:39:48,800

and researchers

921

00:39:54,390 --> 00:39:51,440

was awarded the prestigious aia aero

922

00:39:56,630 --> 00:39:54,400

acoustics award and participated in

923

00:39:57,670 --> 00:39:56,640

teams that won the ahs howard hughes

924

00:40:00,630 --> 00:39:57,680

award

925

00:40:02,069 --> 00:40:00,640

dr brooks says investigation research

926
00:40:04,230 --> 00:40:02,079
and technical excellence have

927
00:40:06,950 --> 00:40:04,240
contributed significantly to the pursuit

928
00:40:16,630 --> 00:40:06,960
of nasa's mission reduction to reduce

929
00:40:20,309 --> 00:40:18,950
major general lynn collier

930
00:40:22,870 --> 00:40:20,319
is being honored for distinguished

931
00:40:24,550 --> 00:40:22,880
service characterized by unusual

932
00:40:26,550 --> 00:40:24,560
initiative in leading partnership

933
00:40:28,950 --> 00:40:26,560
efforts to make marshall space flight

934
00:40:31,829 --> 00:40:28,960
center and redstone arsenal a more

935
00:40:33,829 --> 00:40:31,839
effective and efficient federal city

936
00:40:36,069 --> 00:40:33,839
for over 26 years

937
00:40:38,309 --> 00:40:36,079
major general retired colyer has served

938
00:40:39,589 --> 00:40:38,319

the federal government culminating with

939

00:40:41,510 --> 00:40:39,599

his service as the commander for

940

00:40:43,270 --> 00:40:41,520

redstone arsenal the department of

941

00:40:44,870 --> 00:40:43,280

defense installation that hosts marshall

942

00:40:47,270 --> 00:40:44,880

space flight center

943

00:40:49,349 --> 00:40:47,280

to improve the quality of life on site

944

00:40:52,069 --> 00:40:49,359

he led a comprehensive effort across the

945

00:40:53,270 --> 00:40:52,079

arsenal and the local community mobilize

946

00:40:55,030 --> 00:40:53,280

support

947

00:40:57,430 --> 00:40:55,040

re-energize the community relations

948

00:41:00,230 --> 00:40:57,440

committee and address important local

949

00:41:01,829 --> 00:41:00,240

health care and education issues

950

00:41:03,030 --> 00:41:01,839

through his innovative service and

951
00:41:05,109 --> 00:41:03,040
leadership

952
00:41:07,670 --> 00:41:05,119
he has enhanced the center's ability to

953
00:41:10,309 --> 00:41:07,680
tailor future airfield enhancements

954
00:41:12,790 --> 00:41:10,319
reduce costs and improve deficiency in

955
00:41:13,910 --> 00:41:12,800
joint 911 emergency and ambulance

956
00:41:15,510 --> 00:41:13,920
services

957
00:41:24,309 --> 00:41:15,520
and set the stage for future

958
00:41:28,230 --> 00:41:26,230
miss olga dominguez

959
00:41:30,069 --> 00:41:28,240
is being honored for her career of

960
00:41:32,309 --> 00:41:30,079
extraordinary contributions

961
00:41:33,829 --> 00:41:32,319
distinguished service and outstanding

962
00:41:36,710 --> 00:41:33,839
leadership in support of the nation

963
00:41:39,109 --> 00:41:36,720

space program and nasa's mission

964

00:41:40,950 --> 00:41:39,119

ms dominguez served as the agency's lead

965

00:41:44,230 --> 00:41:40,960

for executive leadership

966

00:41:46,069 --> 00:41:44,240

policy technical expertise and oversight

967

00:41:48,950 --> 00:41:46,079

of nasa infrastructure and management

968

00:41:50,069 --> 00:41:48,960

systems for construction of facilities

969

00:41:51,349 --> 00:41:50,079

aircraft

970

00:41:54,630 --> 00:41:51,359

environmental

971

00:41:56,550 --> 00:41:54,640

real property logistics and strategic

972

00:41:58,950 --> 00:41:56,560

capabilities programs

973

00:42:00,950 --> 00:41:58,960

most notably as assistant administrator

974

00:42:02,550 --> 00:42:00,960

for strategic infrastructure she

975

00:42:04,630 --> 00:42:02,560

effectively implemented nasa's

976

00:42:07,510 --> 00:42:04,640

continuous risk management requirements

977

00:42:09,829 --> 00:42:07,520

at the institutional level

978

00:42:12,069 --> 00:42:09,839

her vision and effort was a paradigm

979

00:42:14,550 --> 00:42:12,079

shifting and leadership on environmental

980

00:42:16,630 --> 00:42:14,560

management issues have led nasa to

981

00:42:18,870 --> 00:42:16,640

prominence among federal agencies for

982

00:42:20,630 --> 00:42:18,880

sustainable practices

983

00:42:22,470 --> 00:42:20,640

while citing only a fraction of ms

984

00:42:24,069 --> 00:42:22,480

dominguez's accomplishments her

985

00:42:26,630 --> 00:42:24,079

contributions to the nascent space

986

00:42:42,870 --> 00:42:26,640

program and her leadership at nasa have

987

00:42:46,630 --> 00:42:45,190

miss laurie b garver

988

00:42:47,589 --> 00:42:46,640

is being honored for distinguished

989

00:42:49,510 --> 00:42:47,599

service

990

00:42:50,950 --> 00:42:49,520

remarkable leadership

991

00:42:54,630 --> 00:42:50,960

and great vision in support of the

992

00:42:57,030 --> 00:42:54,640

nation space program and nasa's mission

993

00:42:59,270 --> 00:42:57,040

nominated by president barack obama and

994

00:43:00,950 --> 00:42:59,280

confirmed by the u.s senate ms garver

995

00:43:03,510 --> 00:43:00,960

began her duties as nasa's deputy

996

00:43:05,030 --> 00:43:03,520

administrator in july 2009

997

00:43:07,349 --> 00:43:05,040

serving four years as the second in

998

00:43:09,670 --> 00:43:07,359

command to provide overall leadership

999

00:43:10,710 --> 00:43:09,680

planning and policy direction for the

1000

00:43:12,790 --> 00:43:10,720

agency

1001
00:43:14,470 --> 00:43:12,800
during her time as deputy administrator

1002
00:43:17,030 --> 00:43:14,480
she held numerous senior senior

1003
00:43:19,190 --> 00:43:17,040
positions in space policy was a member

1004
00:43:20,790 --> 00:43:19,200
of the nasa advisory council

1005
00:43:22,550 --> 00:43:20,800
a guest lecturer at the international

1006
00:43:24,870 --> 00:43:22,560
space university

1007
00:43:26,790 --> 00:43:24,880
president of women in aerospace and

1008
00:43:27,990 --> 00:43:26,800
president of the american astronautical

1009
00:43:30,069 --> 00:43:28,000
society

1010
00:43:32,470 --> 00:43:30,079
ms garver's contributions in support of

1011
00:43:34,790 --> 00:43:32,480
human space exploration technology

1012
00:43:37,430 --> 00:43:34,800
development earth science and

1013
00:43:53,910 --> 00:43:37,440

aeronautics research decisively enabled

1014

00:43:58,550 --> 00:43:56,309

dr james e hansen who could not be with

1015

00:44:00,390 --> 00:43:58,560

us here today is being honored for

1016

00:44:02,630 --> 00:44:00,400

achievement in exceptional service in

1017

00:44:03,910 --> 00:44:02,640

support of nasa's mission and vision for

1018

00:44:06,069 --> 00:44:03,920

the future

1019

00:44:09,309 --> 00:44:06,079

-serving as director of nasa's goddard

1020

00:44:12,710 --> 00:44:09,319

institute for space studies from 1981 to

1021

00:44:15,109 --> 00:44:12,720

2013 dr hanson was the longest serving

1022

00:44:17,109 --> 00:44:15,119

director in the institute's history

1023

00:44:19,510 --> 00:44:17,119

his early research used telescopic

1024

00:44:21,829 --> 00:44:19,520

observations of venus to extract

1025

00:44:23,589 --> 00:44:21,839

detailed information on the physical

1026

00:44:26,630 --> 00:44:23,599

properties of the cloud and haze

1027

00:44:28,470 --> 00:44:26,640

particles that veil venus

1028

00:44:30,630 --> 00:44:28,480

his later studies focused on computer

1029

00:44:32,470 --> 00:44:30,640

simulation of earth's climate working to

1030

00:44:35,030 --> 00:44:32,480

understand the climate system and the

1031

00:44:36,790 --> 00:44:35,040

human impacts on the global climate

1032

00:44:39,190 --> 00:44:36,800

in addition to his numerous worldwide

1033

00:44:41,910 --> 00:44:39,200

awards and recognitions dr hanson

1034

00:44:43,670 --> 00:44:41,920

authored storms of my grandchildren and

1035

00:44:46,150 --> 00:44:43,680

serves as the adjunct professor for

1036

00:44:55,510 --> 00:44:46,160

earth and environmental sciences at the

1037

00:45:00,069 --> 00:44:58,069

miss laurie n hanson who also could not

1038

00:45:01,829 --> 00:45:00,079

be with us here today is being honored

1039

00:45:04,069 --> 00:45:01,839

for distinguished strategic leadership

1040

00:45:06,470 --> 00:45:04,079

and sustaining engineering contributions

1041

00:45:08,470 --> 00:45:06,480

vital to the success of nasa's programs

1042

00:45:10,390 --> 00:45:08,480

and johnson space center's achievement

1043

00:45:12,390 --> 00:45:10,400

of agency objectives

1044

00:45:14,150 --> 00:45:12,400

during her 30-year career

1045

00:45:15,990 --> 00:45:14,160

ms hanson has demonstrated distinguished

1046

00:45:18,390 --> 00:45:16,000

innovative technical ability and

1047

00:45:20,390 --> 00:45:18,400

influential consensus building in key

1048

00:45:21,829 --> 00:45:20,400

management roles including deputy

1049

00:45:23,510 --> 00:45:21,839

manager of the international space

1050

00:45:25,750 --> 00:45:23,520

station program office

1051
00:45:27,829 --> 00:45:25,760
deputy director of engineering and

1052
00:45:29,510 --> 00:45:27,839
director of safety reliability and

1053
00:45:30,390 --> 00:45:29,520
quality assurance for the constellation

1054
00:45:33,589 --> 00:45:30,400
program

1055
00:45:35,670 --> 00:45:33,599
ms hanson exemplifies nasa's core values

1056
00:45:38,150 --> 00:45:35,680
by embracing forward thinking as she

1057
00:45:46,230 --> 00:45:38,160
continuously strives to develop safe and

1058
00:45:50,230 --> 00:45:48,550
dr james r irons

1059
00:45:52,550 --> 00:45:50,240
is being honored for distinguished

1060
00:45:54,870 --> 00:45:52,560
service to nasa's earth science

1061
00:45:57,349 --> 00:45:54,880
displayed by his tirelessly tireless

1062
00:45:59,910 --> 00:45:57,359
leadership wisdom and guidance of the

1063
00:46:03,270 --> 00:45:59,920

landsat program and the landsat data

1064

00:46:04,950 --> 00:46:03,280

continuity mission or ldcn project

1065

00:46:07,109 --> 00:46:04,960

with more than 20 years of pioneering

1066

00:46:10,390 --> 00:46:07,119

contributions to nasa and the landsat

1067

00:46:12,870 --> 00:46:10,400

program dr irons is a well-published and

1068

00:46:14,470 --> 00:46:12,880

internationally respected scientist

1069

00:46:16,550 --> 00:46:14,480

-serving as the co-chair of the united

1070

00:46:19,270 --> 00:46:16,560

states geological survey

1071

00:46:21,510 --> 00:46:19,280

nasa landsat science team his leadership

1072

00:46:24,230 --> 00:46:21,520

was positively influence the science and

1073

00:46:26,390 --> 00:46:24,240

technology contributions of this mission

1074

00:46:28,790 --> 00:46:26,400

as a result of dr iron's diligent

1075

00:46:30,950 --> 00:46:28,800

advocacy for the continual

1076

00:46:34,069 --> 00:46:30,960

thermal imagery infrared measurements

1077

00:46:36,630 --> 00:46:34,079

for the Idcm landsat 8 is now generating

1078

00:46:38,630 --> 00:46:36,640

magnificent thermal energy imagery

1079

00:46:40,870 --> 00:46:38,640

moreover his contributions among goddard

1080

00:46:42,950 --> 00:46:40,880

space flight center agency and

1081

00:46:45,829 --> 00:46:42,960

international partners have created a

1082

00:46:48,150 --> 00:46:45,839

myriad of multinational initiatives

1083

00:46:50,470 --> 00:46:48,160

advanced earth remote sensing across the

1084

00:47:00,069 --> 00:46:50,480

globe and served as the model for future

1085

00:47:04,230 --> 00:47:02,230

mr scott kerr who could not be with us

1086

00:47:06,870 --> 00:47:04,240

today is being honored for sustained

1087

00:47:08,630 --> 00:47:06,880

distinguished service dedication and

1088

00:47:11,190 --> 00:47:08,640

contributions to nasa and the kennedy

1089

00:47:14,230 --> 00:47:11,200

space center with his retirement from

1090

00:47:17,190 --> 00:47:14,240

kennedy space center ksc in 2013

1091

00:47:19,349 --> 00:47:17,200

mr kerr dedicated 25 years to nasa in

1092

00:47:21,829 --> 00:47:19,359

various leadership positions including

1093

00:47:22,829 --> 00:47:21,839

-serving in the senior executive service

1094

00:47:25,510 --> 00:47:22,839

since

1095

00:47:27,430 --> 00:47:25,520

1999. his role as director of ground

1096

00:47:29,670 --> 00:47:27,440

processing at ksc

1097

00:47:31,349 --> 00:47:29,680

he provided direction for all flight

1098

00:47:32,790 --> 00:47:31,359

hardware processing

1099

00:47:34,710 --> 00:47:32,800

at ksc

1100

00:47:37,430 --> 00:47:34,720

and activities and operations as well as

1101
00:47:40,390 --> 00:47:37,440
maintenance of associated ground systems

1102
00:47:41,430 --> 00:47:40,400
in 1995 mr kerr was selected as a nasa

1103
00:47:43,349 --> 00:47:41,440
fellow

1104
00:47:45,670 --> 00:47:43,359
attending the prestigious massachusetts

1105
00:47:47,589 --> 00:47:45,680
of institute of technology center for

1106
00:47:48,790 --> 00:47:47,599
advanced engineering studies

1107
00:47:52,230 --> 00:47:48,800
over the year

1108
00:47:54,230 --> 00:47:52,240
indelible mark of equality and

1109
00:47:55,990 --> 00:47:54,240
excellence in his work always taking

1110
00:47:56,870 --> 00:47:56,000
time to mentor the next generation of

1111
00:48:01,430 --> 00:47:56,880
leaders

1112
00:48:04,390 --> 00:48:01,440
personal caring attention contributed

1113
00:48:11,109 --> 00:48:04,400

substantially to both ksc and nasa

1114

00:48:14,950 --> 00:48:13,190

miss margaret kiefer

1115

00:48:17,510 --> 00:48:14,960

is being honored for outstanding

1116

00:48:19,430 --> 00:48:17,520

profound and lasting contributions to

1117

00:48:21,190 --> 00:48:19,440

the advancement of nasa's mission and

1118

00:48:22,710 --> 00:48:21,200

the achievement of u.s national

1119

00:48:24,710 --> 00:48:22,720

objectives

1120

00:48:26,309 --> 00:48:24,720

ms kiefer's professional career spanning

1121

00:48:28,230 --> 00:48:26,319

the last 20 years

1122

00:48:30,710 --> 00:48:28,240

has revealed a seasoned manager and

1123

00:48:32,309 --> 00:48:30,720

accomplished leader whose conscientious

1124

00:48:34,309 --> 00:48:32,319

efforts have made significant

1125

00:48:37,430 --> 00:48:34,319

contributions to the strategic

1126
00:48:39,829 --> 00:48:37,440
objectives of both nasa and the nation

1127
00:48:42,309 --> 00:48:39,839
most recently she assumed the difficult

1128
00:48:46,150 --> 00:48:42,319
yet distinguished role as nasa's lead

1129
00:48:48,069 --> 00:48:46,160
official for united nations matters

1130
00:48:49,829 --> 00:48:48,079
completed revisions to the nasa's

1131
00:48:52,630 --> 00:48:49,839
procedures establishing the office of

1132
00:48:55,190 --> 00:48:52,640
international and interagency relations

1133
00:48:58,150 --> 00:48:55,200
as the agency focal point for tracking

1134
00:49:00,309 --> 00:48:58,160
of classified interagency agreements

1135
00:49:02,069 --> 00:49:00,319
and served as the principal negotiator

1136
00:49:03,270 --> 00:49:02,079
of the national space transportation

1137
00:49:05,109 --> 00:49:03,280
policy

1138
00:49:07,670 --> 00:49:05,119

with a long record of unfailing

1139

00:49:09,270 --> 00:49:07,680

leadership in support of critical nasa

1140

00:49:11,349 --> 00:49:09,280

and national goals

1141

00:49:12,870 --> 00:49:11,359

miss kiefer's successful initiatives

1142

00:49:15,190 --> 00:49:12,880

have improved the integrity of the

1143

00:49:17,270 --> 00:49:15,200

interagency agreement processes

1144

00:49:18,470 --> 00:49:17,280

and enable strategic approaches for key

1145

00:49:20,230 --> 00:49:18,480

partnerships

1146

00:49:35,510 --> 00:49:20,240

thereby strengthening nasa's future

1147

00:49:39,990 --> 00:49:38,230

mr douglas b leviton

1148

00:49:41,910 --> 00:49:40,000

is being honored for more than 30 years

1149

00:49:43,670 --> 00:49:41,920

of distinguished service to advance

1150

00:49:45,670 --> 00:49:43,680

nasa's science and technology goals

1151
00:49:48,630 --> 00:49:45,680
worldwide by conquering some of the

1152
00:49:51,990 --> 00:49:48,640
agency's most technical challenges

1153
00:49:54,309 --> 00:49:52,000
beginning his work in 1983 as a lead

1154
00:49:55,990 --> 00:49:54,319
optics engineer for three sub-systems

1155
00:49:56,870 --> 00:49:56,000
for the cosmic background explorer

1156
00:49:59,109 --> 00:49:56,880
mission

1157
00:50:01,910 --> 00:49:59,119
mr levitan's technical knowledge

1158
00:50:03,910 --> 00:50:01,920
problem-solving abilities and creativity

1159
00:50:04,790 --> 00:50:03,920
helped achieve unprecedented scientific

1160
00:50:07,349 --> 00:50:04,800
goals

1161
00:50:09,430 --> 00:50:07,359
for the last 10 years mr levitan's

1162
00:50:12,230 --> 00:50:09,440
technical leadership role on the james

1163
00:50:14,549 --> 00:50:12,240

webb space telescope's optical telescope

1164

00:50:16,790 --> 00:50:14,559

element team has provided unparalleled

1165

00:50:19,270 --> 00:50:16,800

insight to mitigate risks and

1166

00:50:21,910 --> 00:50:19,280

successfully solve challenges

1167

00:50:24,230 --> 00:50:21,920

with innumerable inventions publications

1168

00:50:26,230 --> 00:50:24,240

and patents mr levitan has forged a

1169

00:50:28,549 --> 00:50:26,240

remarkable path in the field of optical

1170

00:50:31,349 --> 00:50:28,559

engineering one that will allow nasa to

1171

00:50:41,750 --> 00:50:31,359

contribute continue achieving project

1172

00:50:45,829 --> 00:50:44,230

mr leland d melvin

1173

00:50:47,990 --> 00:50:45,839

is being honored for a career of

1174

00:50:50,309 --> 00:50:48,000

extraordinary contributions

1175

00:50:52,230 --> 00:50:50,319

distinguished service and outstanding

1176
00:50:53,589 --> 00:50:52,240
leadership in support of the nation

1177
00:50:57,109 --> 00:50:53,599
space program

1178
00:50:59,589 --> 00:50:57,119
nasa's mission and stem education

1179
00:51:01,270 --> 00:50:59,599
throughout his career mr melvin has been

1180
00:51:03,589 --> 00:51:01,280
a zealous advocate for promoting

1181
00:51:05,990 --> 00:51:03,599
innovative approaches in science

1182
00:51:08,309 --> 00:51:06,000
technology engineering and mathematics

1183
00:51:09,829 --> 00:51:08,319
or stem education nationally and

1184
00:51:12,470 --> 00:51:09,839
internationally

1185
00:51:14,309 --> 00:51:12,480
his 24-year nasa career began at langley

1186
00:51:17,910 --> 00:51:14,319
research center continued in the

1187
00:51:20,150 --> 00:51:17,920
astronauts corps from 1998 to 2009 and

1188
00:51:22,549 --> 00:51:20,160

progressed in 2010 to leading the

1189

00:51:24,549 --> 00:51:22,559

agency's office of education as the

1190

00:51:26,870 --> 00:51:24,559

associate administrator

1191

00:51:29,030 --> 00:51:26,880

as the co-manager of nasa's educator

1192

00:51:31,510 --> 00:51:29,040

astronaut program mr melvin traveled

1193

00:51:33,670 --> 00:51:31,520

across the country engaging thousands of

1194

00:51:35,910 --> 00:51:33,680

students and teachers in the excitement

1195

00:51:38,309 --> 00:51:35,920

of space exploration and inspiring them

1196

00:51:40,309 --> 00:51:38,319

to pursue stem careers

1197

00:51:42,309 --> 00:51:40,319

he has served the astronaut office space

1198

00:51:44,870 --> 00:51:42,319

station operations branch and the

1199

00:51:47,270 --> 00:51:44,880

robotics branch of the astronaut office

1200

00:51:49,190 --> 00:51:47,280

as associate administrator for education

1201

00:51:50,950 --> 00:51:49,200

he was also co-chairman of the white

1202

00:51:52,390 --> 00:51:50,960

house office of science and technology

1203

00:52:03,109 --> 00:51:52,400

policy committee

1204

00:52:07,990 --> 00:52:06,150

mr arthur f rick obenshain who cannot be

1205

00:52:09,990 --> 00:52:08,000

with us today is being honored for

1206

00:52:12,150 --> 00:52:10,000

distinguished service and contributions

1207

00:52:14,150 --> 00:52:12,160

to the goddard space flight center

1208

00:52:16,870 --> 00:52:14,160

enhancing its mission to transform human

1209

00:52:18,630 --> 00:52:16,880

understanding of earth and space

1210

00:52:20,950 --> 00:52:18,640

with more than 40 years of service to

1211

00:52:23,430 --> 00:52:20,960

nasa and in particular dedication to the

1212

00:52:25,750 --> 00:52:23,440

goddard space flight center or gsfc

1213

00:52:28,790 --> 00:52:25,760

mr obenchain has provided unprecedented

1214

00:52:30,870 --> 00:52:28,800

leadership for 60 plus missions

1215

00:52:32,710 --> 00:52:30,880

his expertise in technical contributions

1216

00:52:33,990 --> 00:52:32,720

in aerospace and weather satellite

1217

00:52:35,829 --> 00:52:34,000

systems

1218

00:52:38,549 --> 00:52:35,839

have been integral to the success of the

1219

00:52:41,190 --> 00:52:38,559

lunar atmosphere and dust environment

1220

00:52:43,829 --> 00:52:41,200

explorer or lady mission and the joint

1221

00:52:46,230 --> 00:52:43,839

polar satellite systems program

1222

00:52:48,230 --> 00:52:46,240

throughout his career he has delivered

1223

00:52:49,190 --> 00:52:48,240

launched and operated space flight

1224

00:52:50,950 --> 00:52:49,200

systems

1225

00:52:52,710 --> 00:52:50,960

while helping to develop future leaders

1226
00:53:00,150 --> 00:52:52,720
and inspire the next generation of space

1227
00:53:04,630 --> 00:53:02,710
dr john olson

1228
00:53:06,790 --> 00:53:04,640
is being honored for the sustained and

1229
00:53:08,309 --> 00:53:06,800
unwavering commitment to the advancement

1230
00:53:10,630 --> 00:53:08,319
of the nation's human space flight

1231
00:53:13,510 --> 00:53:10,640
program and strategic planning for

1232
00:53:16,630 --> 00:53:13,520
international exploration beyond earth

1233
00:53:18,630 --> 00:53:16,640
dr olson joined nasa in 2004 serving in

1234
00:53:20,549 --> 00:53:18,640
various leadership positions before

1235
00:53:22,549 --> 00:53:20,559
becoming director of strategic analysis

1236
00:53:24,630 --> 00:53:22,559
and integration division in the human

1237
00:53:27,190 --> 00:53:24,640
exploration and operations mission

1238
00:53:30,230 --> 00:53:27,200

directorate at nasa headquarters

1239

00:53:33,109 --> 00:53:30,240

he directed and integrated nasa's human

1240

00:53:35,430 --> 00:53:33,119

and robotic exploration activities and

1241

00:53:37,109 --> 00:53:35,440

led efforts to support retirement of the

1242

00:53:39,109 --> 00:53:37,119

space shuttle and transition to the

1243

00:53:41,109 --> 00:53:39,119

constellation program

1244

00:53:43,750 --> 00:53:41,119

he envisioned today's human spaceflight

1245

00:53:45,589 --> 00:53:43,760

strategy the capability driven framework

1246

00:53:48,150 --> 00:53:45,599

becoming the foundation for global

1247

00:53:50,470 --> 00:53:48,160

exploration roadmap now supported by

1248

00:53:52,150 --> 00:53:50,480

international space agencies

1249

00:53:53,670 --> 00:53:52,160

in 2012

1250

00:53:55,589 --> 00:53:53,680

he was detailed to serve as the

1251
00:53:57,670 --> 00:53:55,599
nationally recognized space policy

1252
00:53:59,750 --> 00:53:57,680
leader at the office of science and

1253
00:54:01,430 --> 00:53:59,760
technology policy in the executive

1254
00:54:03,109 --> 00:54:01,440
office of the president

1255
00:54:05,589 --> 00:54:03,119
where he was the driving force behind

1256
00:54:07,270 --> 00:54:05,599
the national space transportation policy

1257
00:54:09,510 --> 00:54:07,280
and international human space

1258
00:54:11,670 --> 00:54:09,520
exploration effort

1259
00:54:13,829 --> 00:54:11,680
he concurrently supports the assistant

1260
00:54:17,109 --> 00:54:13,839
secretary of defense for research and

1261
00:54:19,349 --> 00:54:17,119
engineering as a military reservist

1262
00:54:22,069 --> 00:54:19,359
dr olson service to country

1263
00:54:29,510 --> 00:54:22,079

commitment and dedication represents the

1264

00:54:34,950 --> 00:54:30,790

mr

1265

00:54:36,789 --> 00:54:34,960

is being honored for extraordinary and

1266

00:54:39,349 --> 00:54:36,799

distinguished leadership service in the

1267

00:54:41,109 --> 00:54:39,359

development of nasa's human space flight

1268

00:54:42,470 --> 00:54:41,119

science and technology missions and

1269

00:54:45,510 --> 00:54:42,480

program

1270

00:54:47,670 --> 00:54:45,520

throughout his 34-year career at nasa mr

1271

00:54:50,150 --> 00:54:47,680

pearson has successfully led engineering

1272

00:54:53,030 --> 00:54:50,160

teams to deliver human-rated spaceflight

1273

00:54:55,190 --> 00:54:53,040

hardware and contributed profoundly by

1274

00:54:56,950 --> 00:54:55,200

leading design organizations in the

1275

00:54:59,030 --> 00:54:56,960

development of state-of-the-art

1276
00:55:00,710 --> 00:54:59,040
environmental control and life support

1277
00:55:02,150 --> 00:55:00,720
system for the international space

1278
00:55:04,230 --> 00:55:02,160
station

1279
00:55:06,549 --> 00:55:04,240
his contributions to the shuttle program

1280
00:55:09,270 --> 00:55:06,559
including diagnosis of critical sensor

1281
00:55:10,470 --> 00:55:09,280
design flaws were significant to its

1282
00:55:12,950 --> 00:55:10,480
success

1283
00:55:15,030 --> 00:55:12,960
most recently mr pearson's leadership

1284
00:55:16,789 --> 00:55:15,040
was key in developing the fast

1285
00:55:20,390 --> 00:55:16,799
affordable science and technology

1286
00:55:22,069 --> 00:55:20,400
satellite nasa's first mini satellite he

1287
00:55:23,910 --> 00:55:22,079
and his body of work continue to

1288
00:55:25,270 --> 00:55:23,920

represent the best in nasa's senior

1289

00:55:27,109 --> 00:55:25,280

leadership team

1290

00:55:39,829 --> 00:55:27,119

making lasting contributions for the

1291

00:55:44,390 --> 00:55:42,069

dr michael ruskevich who could not be

1292

00:55:46,870 --> 00:55:44,400

with us here today is being honored for

1293

00:55:49,270 --> 00:55:46,880

sustained an exemplary contribution to

1294

00:55:50,950 --> 00:55:49,280

nasa's leadership engineering missions

1295

00:55:53,270 --> 00:55:50,960

and programs

1296

00:55:55,990 --> 00:55:53,280

dr ruskevich has been an incredible

1297

00:55:57,670 --> 00:55:56,000

asset to nasa for over 30 years

1298

00:55:59,990 --> 00:55:57,680

his leadership as the agency's chief

1299

00:56:02,549 --> 00:56:00,000

engineer provided commendable oversight

1300

00:56:04,789 --> 00:56:02,559

to the review and technical readiness of

1301
00:56:07,109 --> 00:56:04,799
all nasa programs including the hubble

1302
00:56:09,270 --> 00:56:07,119
space telescope the james webb space

1303
00:56:11,270 --> 00:56:09,280
telescope the lunar reconnaissance

1304
00:56:13,589 --> 00:56:11,280
reconnaissance orbiter mission and the

1305
00:56:15,670 --> 00:56:13,599
cosmic background explorer mission he

1306
00:56:17,670 --> 00:56:15,680
made significant contributions to the

1307
00:56:19,910 --> 00:56:17,680
creation of the nasa engineering safety

1308
00:56:22,230 --> 00:56:19,920
center and the depth and breadth of his

1309
00:56:30,390 --> 00:56:22,240
notable efforts richly deserve this

1310
00:56:34,150 --> 00:56:32,470
dr laila van who also could not be with

1311
00:56:36,630 --> 00:56:34,160
us here today is being honored for a

1312
00:56:38,710 --> 00:56:36,640
career of extraordinary contributions

1313
00:56:40,309 --> 00:56:38,720

distinguished service and outstanding

1314

00:56:42,789 --> 00:56:40,319

leadership in support of the nation's

1315

00:56:45,349 --> 00:56:42,799

science program and nasa missions

1316

00:56:47,349 --> 00:56:45,359

during dr van's 32 years at nasa she's

1317

00:56:49,190 --> 00:56:47,359

distinguished herself in the leadership

1318

00:56:52,069 --> 00:56:49,200

of several important missions of

1319

00:56:54,390 --> 00:56:52,079

scientific discovery such as the clouds

1320

00:56:57,190 --> 00:56:54,400

and the earth's radiant energy system

1321

00:56:58,789 --> 00:56:57,200

experiment the cloud aerosol lidar and

1322

00:57:01,190 --> 00:56:58,799

infrared pathfinder satellite

1323

00:57:03,109 --> 00:57:01,200

observation mission the sounding of the

1324

00:57:04,870 --> 00:57:03,119

atmosphere using broadband emission

1325

00:57:07,910 --> 00:57:04,880

radiometry instrument

1326
00:57:09,990 --> 00:57:07,920
and the deriving information on surface

1327
00:57:12,390 --> 00:57:10,000
conditions from column and vertically

1328
00:57:14,230 --> 00:57:12,400
resolved observations relative

1329
00:57:15,589 --> 00:57:14,240
to the air quality earth venture

1330
00:57:17,510 --> 00:57:15,599
airborne mission

1331
00:57:19,990 --> 00:57:17,520
dr van's sustained scientific

1332
00:57:22,870 --> 00:57:20,000
contributions continue to provide key

1333
00:57:25,030 --> 00:57:22,880
information for climate studies thereby

1334
00:57:32,630 --> 00:57:25,040
advancing nasa and the nation's science

1335
00:57:36,870 --> 00:57:35,109
dr richard vondrock who also cannot be

1336
00:57:38,710 --> 00:57:36,880
with us here today is being honored for

1337
00:57:41,030 --> 00:57:38,720
extraordinary career achievements in

1338
00:57:43,349 --> 00:57:41,040

accomplishing nasa's mission advancing

1339

00:57:45,270 --> 00:57:43,359

scientific knowledge and developing the

1340

00:57:46,309 --> 00:57:45,280

next generation of nasa scientists and

1341

00:57:48,470 --> 00:57:46,319

leaders

1342

00:57:50,870 --> 00:57:48,480

in his more than 40 years as a space

1343

00:57:52,470 --> 00:57:50,880

scientist dr vondrick has been a key

1344

00:57:54,230 --> 00:57:52,480

leader at nasa

1345

00:57:56,150 --> 00:57:54,240

exemplifying a remarkable record of

1346

00:57:57,270 --> 00:57:56,160

sustained performance and exceptional

1347

00:57:58,870 --> 00:57:57,280

achievement

1348

00:58:01,829 --> 00:57:58,880

throughout his career he has produced

1349

00:58:04,230 --> 00:58:01,839

more than 100 peer-reviewed publications

1350

00:58:06,390 --> 00:58:04,240

as well as advocated for and implemented

1351
00:58:08,470 --> 00:58:06,400
numerous interagency partnerships and

1352
00:58:10,309 --> 00:58:08,480
student outreach activities

1353
00:58:12,789 --> 00:58:10,319
his career achievements exemplify the

1354
00:58:14,710 --> 00:58:12,799
highest agency values and have made a

1355
00:58:22,470 --> 00:58:14,720
profound impact on nash's mission

1356
00:58:25,990 --> 00:58:24,230
miss myron webb who also could not be

1357
00:58:28,309 --> 00:58:26,000
with us here today is being honored for

1358
00:58:30,390 --> 00:58:28,319
a career of extraordinary contributions

1359
00:58:32,470 --> 00:58:30,400
distinguished service and outstanding

1360
00:58:35,430 --> 00:58:32,480
leadership in sharing and shaping the

1361
00:58:38,069 --> 00:58:35,440
story of stennis space center and nasa

1362
00:58:40,069 --> 00:58:38,079
during her 28-year career with nasa miss

1363
00:58:42,789 --> 00:58:40,079

webb enhanced the recognition and

1364

00:58:46,470 --> 00:58:42,799

prominence of the john c stennis space

1365

00:58:48,230 --> 00:58:46,480

center or ssc as nasa's premier rocket

1366

00:58:50,710 --> 00:58:48,240

engine text complex

1367

00:58:54,069 --> 00:58:50,720

one-of-a-kind federal city and major

1368

00:58:55,990 --> 00:58:54,079

economic asset on local state and

1369

00:58:57,990 --> 00:58:56,000

national levels

1370

00:59:00,950 --> 00:58:58,000

her high-caliber contributions paved the

1371

00:59:03,190 --> 00:59:00,960

way to build the infiniti science center

1372

00:59:10,950 --> 00:59:03,200

advancing nasa's education mission for

1373

00:59:16,069 --> 00:59:14,150

dr woodrow whitlow jr

1374

00:59:18,470 --> 00:59:16,079

is being honored for a career of

1375

00:59:20,710 --> 00:59:18,480

extraordinary contributions

1376
00:59:22,390 --> 00:59:20,720
distinguished service and outstanding

1377
00:59:25,510 --> 00:59:22,400
leadership in support of the nation's

1378
00:59:28,549 --> 00:59:25,520
space program and nasa's mission

1379
00:59:31,589 --> 00:59:28,559
upon his retirement in august 2013 dr

1380
00:59:33,349 --> 00:59:31,599
whitlow served nasa for 34 years

1381
00:59:35,750 --> 00:59:33,359
beginning his professional career as a

1382
00:59:38,150 --> 00:59:35,760
research scientist and concluding with

1383
00:59:40,470 --> 00:59:38,160
his work as the associate administrator

1384
00:59:42,390 --> 00:59:40,480
for mission support at nasa headquarters

1385
00:59:45,190 --> 00:59:42,400
where he is credited with streamlining

1386
00:59:47,829 --> 00:59:45,200
nasa missions by realigning the agency's

1387
00:59:49,670 --> 00:59:47,839
workforce and infrastructure

1388
00:59:51,190 --> 00:59:49,680

with a phd in aeronautics and

1389

00:59:52,950 --> 00:59:51,200

aeronautics from the massachusetts

1390

00:59:55,270 --> 00:59:52,960

institute of technology

1391

00:59:57,270 --> 00:59:55,280

dr whitlow received numerous awards and

1392

00:59:59,829 --> 00:59:57,280

accolades for his leadership he has

1393

01:00:02,630 --> 00:59:59,839

written nearly 40 technical papers

1394

01:00:05,750 --> 01:00:02,640

most in the areas of unstudied transonic

1395

01:00:07,510 --> 01:00:05,760

flow and aero elasticity

1396

01:00:09,270 --> 01:00:07,520

as a fellow of the american institute of

1397

01:00:11,190 --> 01:00:09,280

aeronautics and astronautics his

1398

01:00:13,030 --> 01:00:11,200

commitment to the scientific excellence

1399

01:00:29,990 --> 01:00:13,040

and outstanding leadership left an

1400

01:00:35,270 --> 01:00:33,670

brigadier general retired michael wooley

1401
01:00:36,470 --> 01:00:35,280
is being honored for his distinguished

1402
01:00:38,870 --> 01:00:36,480
services

1403
01:00:41,829 --> 01:00:38,880
to the nation space program as nasa

1404
01:00:43,750 --> 01:00:41,839
general counsel and to the many who are

1405
01:00:45,430 --> 01:00:43,760
equally proud and of honor to have

1406
01:00:47,670 --> 01:00:45,440
served with him

1407
01:00:49,829 --> 01:00:47,680
with his decade-long leadership of the

1408
01:00:51,430 --> 01:00:49,839
nasa legal team gerald wooley

1409
01:00:54,150 --> 01:00:51,440
transformed the legal practice at

1410
01:00:56,549 --> 01:00:54,160
headquarters and throughout the agency

1411
01:00:58,870 --> 01:00:56,559
in particular he helped three nasa

1412
01:01:01,030 --> 01:00:58,880
administrators navigate complex and

1413
01:01:03,190 --> 01:01:01,040

sensitive issues giving critical

1414

01:01:05,510 --> 01:01:03,200

stewardship the legal challenges

1415

01:01:08,150 --> 01:01:05,520

associated with the expansion of nasa's

1416

01:01:10,549 --> 01:01:08,160

traditional focus on the acquisition and

1417

01:01:12,710 --> 01:01:10,559

program management to embrace new and

1418

01:01:15,109 --> 01:01:12,720

challenging roles as the commercial

1419

01:01:17,109 --> 01:01:15,119

space customer and partner

1420

01:01:18,390 --> 01:01:17,119

general wooley also provided invaluable

1421

01:01:21,109 --> 01:01:18,400

council through the space shuttle

1422

01:01:23,270 --> 01:01:21,119

retirement and post shuttle era with

1423

01:01:26,230 --> 01:01:23,280

special focus in workforce contraction

1424

01:01:28,390 --> 01:01:26,240

issues contractor pension funding

1425

01:01:30,710 --> 01:01:28,400

disposition of orbiters

1426
01:01:33,349 --> 01:01:30,720
and transition of kennedy space center

1427
01:01:35,990 --> 01:01:33,359
to a multi-user complex

1428
01:01:37,750 --> 01:01:36,000
along with his incisive legal expertise

1429
01:01:39,990 --> 01:01:37,760
he established a robust acquisition

1430
01:01:42,549 --> 01:01:40,000
integrity program and automated

1431
01:01:44,710 --> 01:01:42,559
financial disclosure reporting system

1432
01:01:55,910 --> 01:01:44,720
guiding nasa's legal team and its

1433
01:02:00,789 --> 01:01:58,150
our second and final presentation is the

1434
01:02:04,470 --> 01:02:00,799
distinguished public service medal

1435
01:02:07,109 --> 01:02:04,480
today we honor 11 in this category

1436
01:02:08,789 --> 01:02:07,119
dr james a coakley jr

1437
01:02:11,190 --> 01:02:08,799
is being honored for distinguished

1438
01:02:12,390 --> 01:02:11,200

visionary service in atmospheric science

1439

01:02:15,430 --> 01:02:12,400

research

1440

01:02:18,069 --> 01:02:15,440

dr coakley is recognized worldwide as a

1441

01:02:19,990 --> 01:02:18,079

pioneering scientist and renowned

1442

01:02:21,750 --> 01:02:20,000

research has made scientific

1443

01:02:24,710 --> 01:02:21,760

contributions that have advanced the

1444

01:02:26,870 --> 01:02:24,720

understanding of the role of aerosols

1445

01:02:28,549 --> 01:02:26,880

clouds and radiation in the earth's

1446

01:02:30,549 --> 01:02:28,559

climate system

1447

01:02:32,870 --> 01:02:30,559

during his distinguished career dr

1448

01:02:35,990 --> 01:02:32,880

coakley has authored numerous papers on

1449

01:02:36,950 --> 01:02:36,000

aerosols clouds and the earth radiation

1450

01:02:38,470 --> 01:02:36,960

budget

1451
01:02:39,910 --> 01:02:38,480
with regard to how they affect our

1452
01:02:41,829 --> 01:02:39,920
climate

1453
01:02:44,309 --> 01:02:41,839
he is currently a professor of

1454
01:02:46,789 --> 01:02:44,319
atmospheric sciences sciences at oregon

1455
01:03:05,670 --> 01:02:46,799
state university and conducts research

1456
01:03:09,510 --> 01:03:07,910
dr john gregory

1457
01:03:11,589 --> 01:03:09,520
is being honored for sustained and

1458
01:03:13,750 --> 01:03:11,599
exceptional leadership in integrating

1459
01:03:15,990 --> 01:03:13,760
research and education

1460
01:03:17,750 --> 01:03:16,000
in space science and engineering over

1461
01:03:20,150 --> 01:03:17,760
several decades

1462
01:03:22,789 --> 01:03:20,160
dr gregory has coupled a passion for

1463
01:03:24,710 --> 01:03:22,799

education with his own noteworthy high

1464

01:03:26,950 --> 01:03:24,720

energy astrophysics and space

1465

01:03:29,190 --> 01:03:26,960

environmental effects research and

1466

01:03:33,829 --> 01:03:29,200

development experience to innovatively

1467

01:03:35,910 --> 01:03:33,839

launch design build fly and analyze this

1468

01:03:38,309 --> 01:03:35,920

portfolio programs uses the national

1469

01:03:41,029 --> 01:03:38,319

space grant college network for students

1470

01:03:42,470 --> 01:03:41,039

to design and build flight hardware on

1471

01:03:44,470 --> 01:03:42,480

their own initiative

1472

01:03:46,950 --> 01:03:44,480

these highly successful programs have

1473

01:03:48,150 --> 01:03:46,960

touched thousands of students in all 50

1474

01:03:50,470 --> 01:03:48,160

states

1475

01:03:53,109 --> 01:03:50,480

he has established the nasa academy in

1476

01:03:55,829 --> 01:03:53,119

1994 which has expanded to include

1477

01:03:58,150 --> 01:03:55,839

robotics and propulsion

1478

01:04:00,789 --> 01:03:58,160

and he has provided intensive research

1479

01:04:03,349 --> 01:04:00,799

experiences to hundreds of students many

1480

01:04:05,829 --> 01:04:03,359

of whom decide on careers with nasa

1481

01:04:08,870 --> 01:04:05,839

for the past 22 years he has directed

1482

01:04:11,190 --> 01:04:08,880

the nasa alabama space grant consortium

1483

01:04:13,109 --> 01:04:11,200

that includes all research universities

1484

01:04:14,309 --> 01:04:13,119

in the state plus several community

1485

01:04:16,150 --> 01:04:14,319

colleges

1486

01:04:18,150 --> 01:04:16,160

and the nasa alabama experimental

1487

01:04:19,270 --> 01:04:18,160

program to stimulate competitive

1488

01:04:31,990 --> 01:04:19,280

research

1489

01:04:36,470 --> 01:04:34,870

mr thomas hancock

1490

01:04:38,390 --> 01:04:36,480

is being honored for exceptional

1491

01:04:40,230 --> 01:04:38,400

dedication and professionalism in

1492

01:04:42,069 --> 01:04:40,240

sharing nasa aerospace education

1493

01:04:44,309 --> 01:04:42,079

opportunities with students and

1494

01:04:47,029 --> 01:04:44,319

educators around the world

1495

01:04:49,029 --> 01:04:47,039

mr hancock has had a notable career of

1496

01:04:50,470 --> 01:04:49,039

33 years

1497

01:04:51,910 --> 01:04:50,480

through his role with the american

1498

01:04:54,470 --> 01:04:51,920

institute of aeronautics and

1499

01:04:56,309 --> 01:04:54,480

astronautics or aia mr hancock's

1500

01:04:58,470 --> 01:04:56,319

distinguished service technical

1501
01:05:00,069 --> 01:04:58,480
credibility and vision have provided

1502
01:05:02,309 --> 01:05:00,079
exceptional leadership

1503
01:05:04,950 --> 01:05:02,319
in support of the nasa's office of human

1504
01:05:08,549 --> 01:05:04,960
capital academic affairs office

1505
01:05:10,390 --> 01:05:08,559
through aia programs and numerous others

1506
01:05:12,549 --> 01:05:10,400
he has engaged multiple generations of

1507
01:05:14,950 --> 01:05:12,559
aerospace engineers beginning with the

1508
01:05:17,190 --> 01:05:14,960
science technology engineering and

1509
01:05:20,230 --> 01:05:17,200
mathematics learning opportunities for

1510
01:05:22,630 --> 01:05:20,240
k-12 students by providing the tools and

1511
01:05:24,549 --> 01:05:22,640
resources necessary for educators and

1512
01:05:27,190 --> 01:05:24,559
students to take their understanding of

1513
01:05:29,510 --> 01:05:27,200

aerospace to the next level

1514

01:05:30,309 --> 01:05:29,520

mr hancock demonstrates just a little

1515

01:05:32,470 --> 01:05:30,319

more

1516

01:05:34,309 --> 01:05:32,480

mr hancock demonstrates a level of

1517

01:05:36,069 --> 01:05:34,319

aerospace and aeronautics excellence

1518

01:05:38,230 --> 01:05:36,079

that has made a profound and indelible

1519

01:05:46,549 --> 01:05:38,240

impact on nasa's education mission

1520

01:05:50,630 --> 01:05:49,109

dr bruce m jakoski

1521

01:05:53,270 --> 01:05:50,640

is being honored for dedicated

1522

01:05:56,309 --> 01:05:53,280

commitment and numerous contributions to

1523

01:05:59,109 --> 01:05:56,319

nasa mars missions especially the maven

1524

01:06:01,109 --> 01:05:59,119

project benefiting nasa and the world

1525

01:06:03,190 --> 01:06:01,119

dr jakovsky of the university of

1526

01:06:05,670 --> 01:06:03,200

colorado's laboratory for atmospheric

1527

01:06:07,829 --> 01:06:05,680

and space physics has long and

1528

01:06:09,829 --> 01:06:07,839

distinguished career working on mars

1529

01:06:11,589 --> 01:06:09,839

missions since the viking missions in

1530

01:06:13,190 --> 01:06:11,599

the 1970s

1531

01:06:15,750 --> 01:06:13,200

and it continues to make extraordinary

1532

01:06:18,870 --> 01:06:15,760

contributions to nasa's mission with the

1533

01:06:20,390 --> 01:06:18,880

mars atmosphere in volatile evolution or

1534

01:06:22,470 --> 01:06:20,400

maven mission

1535

01:06:24,789 --> 01:06:22,480

with maven he has set out on a journey

1536

01:06:26,710 --> 01:06:24,799

to understand the role that the loss of

1537

01:06:28,950 --> 01:06:26,720

atmosphere to space has played on the

1538

01:06:31,349 --> 01:06:28,960

climate change that is inferred to have

1539

01:06:33,990 --> 01:06:31,359

incurred over time on mars

1540

01:06:35,510 --> 01:06:34,000

as a principal investigator dr jakovsky

1541

01:06:37,270 --> 01:06:35,520

has full responsibility for the

1542

01:06:39,750 --> 01:06:37,280

performance of the mission which was

1543

01:06:41,349 --> 01:06:39,760

launched in november 2013

1544

01:06:43,589 --> 01:06:41,359

and the world awaits the scientific

1545

01:06:46,230 --> 01:06:43,599

discoveries that naven is probably

1546

01:06:48,470 --> 01:06:46,240

poised to deliver upon arrival at mars

1547

01:06:50,549 --> 01:06:48,480

in september 2014.

1548

01:06:52,549 --> 01:06:50,559

his leadership and the delivery of the

1549

01:06:54,870 --> 01:06:52,559

launch of the maven mission with full

1550

01:06:57,349 --> 01:06:54,880

technical capability affirmed all

1551
01:07:07,670 --> 01:06:57,359
public's confidence in nasa and set a

1552
01:07:13,670 --> 01:07:11,270
dr hans j koenigsmann is being honored

1553
01:07:15,910 --> 01:07:13,680
for exceptional success in developing

1554
01:07:17,750 --> 01:07:15,920
commercial resupply services to the

1555
01:07:19,910 --> 01:07:17,760
international space station

1556
01:07:22,069 --> 01:07:19,920
dr koenigsmann has demonstrated

1557
01:07:24,230 --> 01:07:22,079
exceptional leadership and ingenuity as

1558
01:07:26,390 --> 01:07:24,240
the vice president of mission assurance

1559
01:07:29,270 --> 01:07:26,400
as well as serving as the launch vehicle

1560
01:07:31,670 --> 01:07:29,280
chief engineer for spacex

1561
01:07:34,549 --> 01:07:31,680
specifically he was instrumental in the

1562
01:07:37,190 --> 01:07:34,559
ground up development of spacex a new

1563
01:07:39,270 --> 01:07:37,200

commercial launch capability to resupply

1564

01:07:42,230 --> 01:07:39,280

and return critical cargo to the

1565

01:07:44,309 --> 01:07:42,240

international space station or iss his

1566

01:07:46,549 --> 01:07:44,319

unique skills and open customer

1567

01:07:47,990 --> 01:07:46,559

relationships provide the continuity

1568

01:07:50,069 --> 01:07:48,000

needed to ensure timely and

1569

01:07:52,549 --> 01:07:50,079

cost-effective launch services during

1570

01:07:54,470 --> 01:07:52,559

these times of change and anomaly

1571

01:07:56,549 --> 01:07:54,480

his commitment to understanding

1572

01:07:58,309 --> 01:07:56,559

resolving and coordinating

1573

01:08:00,390 --> 01:07:58,319

with nasa is key

1574

01:08:03,589 --> 01:08:00,400

and because of his experience

1575

01:08:05,990 --> 01:08:03,599

knowledge expertise insightfulness and

1576

01:08:08,150 --> 01:08:06,000

leadership spacex is capable of

1577

01:08:17,269 --> 01:08:08,160

supplying commercial resupply services

1578

01:08:21,189 --> 01:08:19,349

dr mason peck

1579

01:08:23,829 --> 01:08:21,199

is being honored for outstanding

1580

01:08:26,630 --> 01:08:23,839

leadership of nasa technology policy and

1581

01:08:29,669 --> 01:08:26,640

advocacy for technology development

1582

01:08:32,070 --> 01:08:29,679

to deliver innovative solutions for nasa

1583

01:08:33,430 --> 01:08:32,080

missions and the significant national

1584

01:08:35,269 --> 01:08:33,440

needs

1585

01:08:37,430 --> 01:08:35,279

with a broad background in aerospace

1586

01:08:39,910 --> 01:08:37,440

technology and nearly 20 years of

1587

01:08:42,470 --> 01:08:39,920

experience in industry and academia dr

1588

01:08:44,870 --> 01:08:42,480

peck infused cutting-edge technological

1589

01:08:47,590 --> 01:08:44,880

innovations during his two-year service

1590

01:08:49,030 --> 01:08:47,600

as nasa's chief technologist

1591

01:08:50,709 --> 01:08:49,040

serving the agency through the

1592

01:08:53,910 --> 01:08:50,719

intergovernmental agreement with cornell

1593

01:08:55,910 --> 01:08:53,920

university he documented demonstrated

1594

01:08:58,229 --> 01:08:55,920

and communicated the societal impact of

1595

01:08:59,910 --> 01:08:58,239

nasa's technology investments and led

1596

01:09:01,910 --> 01:08:59,920

technology transfer and

1597

01:09:03,990 --> 01:09:01,920

commercialization efforts

1598

01:09:05,990 --> 01:09:04,000

over the years dr peck worked with nasa

1599

01:09:08,149 --> 01:09:06,000

as an engineer on a variety of

1600

01:09:10,149 --> 01:09:08,159

technology programs served as a

1601
01:09:13,269 --> 01:09:10,159
consultant with private industry and

1602
01:09:17,189 --> 01:09:13,279
authored 90 academic articles

1603
01:09:19,510 --> 01:09:17,199
holding 17 u.s and european patents he

1604
01:09:21,669 --> 01:09:19,520
infused creativity into nasa missions

1605
01:09:23,910 --> 01:09:21,679
which benefited not only space

1606
01:09:32,829 --> 01:09:23,920
technology programs but the day-to-day

1607
01:09:38,149 --> 01:09:35,829
americans mr thomas pearson

1608
01:09:40,229 --> 01:09:38,159
who is being recognized posthumously

1609
01:09:42,470 --> 01:09:40,239
today is being honored for distinguished

1610
01:09:44,550 --> 01:09:42,480
service to nasa and the scientific

1611
01:09:47,030 --> 01:09:44,560
community through the leadership of the

1612
01:09:48,870 --> 01:09:47,040
seti institute supporting basic research

1613
01:09:49,990 --> 01:09:48,880

and education dealing with life in the

1614

01:09:52,229 --> 01:09:50,000

universe

1615

01:09:54,470 --> 01:09:52,239

mr pearson was the founder and chief

1616

01:09:57,270 --> 01:09:54,480

executive officer of the search for

1617

01:09:58,550 --> 01:09:57,280

extraterrestrial intelligence institute

1618

01:10:01,030 --> 01:09:58,560

a basic

1619

01:10:04,070 --> 01:10:01,040

research organization that supports nasa

1620

01:10:06,470 --> 01:10:04,080

research programs in astronomy planetary

1621

01:10:09,510 --> 01:10:06,480

science and astrobiology

1622

01:10:11,750 --> 01:10:09,520

founded in 1984 the private nonprofit

1623

01:10:14,229 --> 01:10:11,760

organization has cooperated closely with

1624

01:10:17,189 --> 01:10:14,239

nasa ames research center

1625

01:10:18,550 --> 01:10:17,199

in basic research education and mission

1626
01:10:20,310 --> 01:10:18,560
operations

1627
01:10:22,070 --> 01:10:20,320
mr pearson was instrumental in

1628
01:10:24,870 --> 01:10:22,080
recruiting world-renowned scientists and

1629
01:10:28,070 --> 01:10:24,880
engineers and under his direction the

1630
01:10:31,350 --> 01:10:28,080
institute administered over 275

1631
01:10:33,430 --> 01:10:31,360
million dollars total in funded research

1632
01:10:36,229 --> 01:10:33,440
mr pearson's legacy will live on in the

1633
01:10:39,189 --> 01:10:36,239
institute which hosts the rings node for

1634
01:10:41,110 --> 01:10:39,199
nasa's planetary data system and has a

1635
01:10:43,750 --> 01:10:41,120
lead education role for the

1636
01:10:54,149 --> 01:10:43,760
stratospheric observatory for infrared

1637
01:10:58,470 --> 01:10:56,550
mr matthew n ramsey

1638
01:11:01,110 --> 01:10:58,480

is being honored for commitment

1639

01:11:03,430 --> 01:11:01,120

diligence and superior service in the

1640

01:11:06,149 --> 01:11:03,440

planning and execution of space launch

1641

01:11:08,149 --> 01:11:06,159

systems design analysis cycle and

1642

01:11:10,149 --> 01:11:08,159

configuration management

1643

01:11:12,310 --> 01:11:10,159

mr ramsey's overall service and

1644

01:11:14,790 --> 01:11:12,320

contribution to nasa programs and

1645

01:11:17,030 --> 01:11:14,800

projects have profoundly impacted the

1646

01:11:19,189 --> 01:11:17,040

success of the nasa mission

1647

01:11:20,950 --> 01:11:19,199

he has displayed exceptional quality

1648

01:11:23,350 --> 01:11:20,960

tireless service

1649

01:11:25,910 --> 01:11:23,360

and innovative vision as the space

1650

01:11:27,830 --> 01:11:25,920

launch system or sls program advances

1651

01:11:30,709 --> 01:11:27,840

throughout the seas the spacecraft

1652

01:11:33,990 --> 01:11:30,719

vehicle program life cycle

1653

01:11:37,189 --> 01:11:34,000

he determined the design analysis cycle

1654

01:11:40,070 --> 01:11:37,199

or dac execution strategy for sls and

1655

01:11:42,470 --> 01:11:40,080

set strategies for timing of vehicle and

1656

01:11:44,550 --> 01:11:42,480

element analysis cycles to ensure all

1657

01:11:46,310 --> 01:11:44,560

were defined and available

1658

01:11:48,550 --> 01:11:46,320

without his leadership in this critical

1659

01:11:50,550 --> 01:11:48,560

area it is unlikely that the program

1660

01:11:52,950 --> 01:11:50,560

would have advanced on schedule

1661

01:11:55,430 --> 01:11:52,960

mr ramsey's appreciable contributions to

1662

01:11:57,830 --> 01:11:55,440

sls continue to have a significant

1663

01:11:59,510 --> 01:11:57,840

influence on the program's ability to

1664

01:12:02,390 --> 01:11:59,520

successfully meet stakeholder

1665

01:12:11,270 --> 01:12:02,400

requirements affordability objectives

1666

01:12:16,149 --> 01:12:13,910

mr william shatner who could not be with

1667

01:12:18,470 --> 01:12:16,159

us here today is being honored for

1668

01:12:20,870 --> 01:12:18,480

outstanding generosity

1669

01:12:22,790 --> 01:12:20,880

education and dedication to inspiring

1670

01:12:25,750 --> 01:12:22,800

new generations of explorers around the

1671

01:12:27,750 --> 01:12:25,760

world and unwavering support for nasa

1672

01:12:30,390 --> 01:12:27,760

and its missions of discovery

1673

01:12:33,430 --> 01:12:30,400

a lifelong advocate of space exploration

1674

01:12:35,270 --> 01:12:33,440

and nasa mr strattner's long-standing

1675

01:12:38,149 --> 01:12:35,280

relationship with nasa dates back to his

1676
01:12:40,229 --> 01:12:38,159
portrayal of captain james t curt in the

1677
01:12:41,910 --> 01:12:40,239
star trek series in films

1678
01:12:45,110 --> 01:12:41,920
it continued with visible public

1679
01:12:46,470 --> 01:12:45,120
outreach efforts in 1979 surrounding the

1680
01:12:49,189 --> 01:12:46,480
introduction of the space shuttle

1681
01:12:51,430 --> 01:12:49,199
prototype and endures today

1682
01:12:54,229 --> 01:12:51,440
most recently he donated his valuable

1683
01:12:56,550 --> 01:12:54,239
time and vocal skills to narrate a nasa

1684
01:12:58,709 --> 01:12:56,560
documentary celebrating the 30th

1685
01:13:00,229 --> 01:12:58,719
anniversary of the space shuttle program

1686
01:13:02,630 --> 01:13:00,239
and honored the final flight of the

1687
01:13:05,270 --> 01:13:02,640
shuttle by recreating his famous

1688
01:13:08,390 --> 01:13:05,280

television introduction as the last wake

1689

01:13:10,550 --> 01:13:08,400

up call for sts-133

1690

01:13:13,110 --> 01:13:10,560

he often uses his twitter account and

1691

01:13:15,510 --> 01:13:13,120

his nearly 2 million followers to

1692

01:13:17,830 --> 01:13:15,520

interact directly with nasa voicing his

1693

01:13:26,550 --> 01:13:17,840

support for the latest agency news and

1694

01:13:30,870 --> 01:13:29,189

dr edward c stone who also could not be

1695

01:13:32,709 --> 01:13:30,880

with us here today is being honored for

1696

01:13:34,790 --> 01:13:32,719

a lifetime of extraordinary scientific

1697

01:13:37,189 --> 01:13:34,800

achievement and outstanding leadership

1698

01:13:39,750 --> 01:13:37,199

of space science missions as well as his

1699

01:13:41,590 --> 01:13:39,760

exemplary sharing of the exciting

1700

01:13:43,669 --> 01:13:41,600

results with the public

1701

01:13:45,189 --> 01:13:43,679

an internationally known physicist and

1702

01:13:48,229 --> 01:13:45,199

california institute of technology

1703

01:13:50,669 --> 01:13:48,239

professor dr stone has served as project

1704

01:13:53,030 --> 01:13:50,679

scientist for the voyager program from

1705

01:13:55,270 --> 01:13:53,040

1972 to the present

1706

01:13:59,189 --> 01:13:55,280

the voyager 1 spacecraft launched in

1707

01:14:01,669 --> 01:13:59,199

1977 and now is more than 11 billion

1708

01:14:03,350 --> 01:14:01,679

miles from earth it recently became the

1709

01:14:05,030 --> 01:14:03,360

first man-made object to enter

1710

01:14:07,189 --> 01:14:05,040

interstellar space

1711

01:14:09,350 --> 01:14:07,199

dr stone's leadership of this mission as

1712

01:14:11,990 --> 01:14:09,360

well as his numerous contributions to

1713

01:14:13,830 --> 01:14:12,000

both earth and space science make him

1714

01:14:15,430 --> 01:14:13,840

fully deserving of nasa's highest

1715

01:14:17,110 --> 01:14:15,440

civilian honor

1716

01:14:19,430 --> 01:14:17,120

highlights of his decades of leadership

1717

01:14:20,870 --> 01:14:19,440

include galileo's five-year orbital

1718

01:14:23,350 --> 01:14:20,880

mission to jupiter

1719

01:14:24,310 --> 01:14:23,360

the launch of the cassini spacecraft to

1720

01:14:26,229 --> 01:14:24,320

saturn

1721

01:14:28,550 --> 01:14:26,239

and the launch of the mars global

1722

01:14:30,709 --> 01:14:28,560

surveyor and a new generation of earth

1723

01:14:32,790 --> 01:14:30,719

science satellites as well as a

1724

01:14:41,990 --> 01:14:32,800

successful mars pathfinder landing in

1725

01:14:46,550 --> 01:14:44,870

our final honoree today is mr patrick

1726

01:14:51,510 --> 01:14:46,560

wiggins

1727

01:14:54,390 --> 01:14:51,520

individual dedication to community and

1728

01:14:56,550 --> 01:14:54,400

scientific engagement at nasa's prolific

1729

01:14:58,870 --> 01:14:56,560

solar system ambassador

1730

01:15:01,750 --> 01:14:58,880

mr wiggins joined the nasa solar systems

1731

01:15:04,550 --> 01:15:01,760

ambassador or ssa program in january

1732

01:15:07,510 --> 01:15:04,560

2002 shortly before retiring from the

1733

01:15:10,070 --> 01:15:07,520

hansen planetarium following 26 years of

1734

01:15:13,350 --> 01:15:10,080

service over the past 12 years he has

1735

01:15:16,229 --> 01:15:13,360

conducted over 1050 events

1736

01:15:17,910 --> 01:15:16,239

averaging 88 events per year well over

1737

01:15:19,590 --> 01:15:17,920

the four events per year that are asked

1738

01:15:21,910 --> 01:15:19,600

of volunteers

1739

01:15:24,470 --> 01:15:21,920

with a background in astronomy and a

1740

01:15:26,790 --> 01:15:24,480

solid reputation for public engagement

1741

01:15:29,189 --> 01:15:26,800

mr wiggins tirelessly travels across the

1742

01:15:31,750 --> 01:15:29,199

state of utah performing outreach

1743

01:15:34,229 --> 01:15:31,760

giving educational talks to students and

1744

01:15:37,590 --> 01:15:34,239

regularly provides updates on nasa's

1745

01:15:39,669 --> 01:15:37,600

space exploratory efforts to local media

1746

01:15:42,149 --> 01:15:39,679

his superior dedication and volunteer

1747

01:15:44,790 --> 01:15:42,159

efforts have built a positive reputation

1748

01:15:55,990 --> 01:15:44,800

for not only the ssa program but also

1749

01:15:58,870 --> 01:15:57,270

let's give all of our distinguished

1750

01:16:11,430 --> 01:15:58,880

honorees another round of applause for

1751

01:16:15,350 --> 01:16:13,110

i would also like to extend our special

1752

01:16:17,990 --> 01:16:15,360

appreciation to mr boland mr lightfoot

1753

01:16:19,910 --> 01:16:18,000

and mr buruki the military district of

1754

01:16:20,709 --> 01:16:19,920

washington's joint armed forces color

1755

01:16:22,630 --> 01:16:20,719

guard

1756

01:16:24,390 --> 01:16:22,640

especially miss thomas

1757

01:16:26,229 --> 01:16:24,400

and the ceremony volunteers for their

1758

01:16:35,910 --> 01:16:26,239

contributions in making today's ceremony

1759

01:16:39,510 --> 01:16:38,070

the nasa agency honor awards program

1760

01:16:41,990 --> 01:16:39,520

would not have been made possible

1761

01:16:43,910 --> 01:16:42,000

without the dedication and contributions

1762

01:16:44,950 --> 01:16:43,920

of the incentive awards board expert

1763

01:16:47,590 --> 01:16:44,960

panels

1764

01:16:49,030 --> 01:16:47,600

center review boards and the nasa awards

1765

01:16:51,110 --> 01:16:49,040

community

1766

01:16:53,270 --> 01:16:51,120

the agency also wishes to recognize our

1767

01:16:55,350 --> 01:16:53,280

special guests representatives from the

1768

01:16:58,870 --> 01:16:55,360

smithsonian national air and space

1769

01:17:00,390 --> 01:16:58,880

museum and the nasa office of education

1770

01:17:02,550 --> 01:17:00,400

as well as stem students from the

1771

01:17:04,310 --> 01:17:02,560

mckinley tech high school

1772

01:17:05,590 --> 01:17:04,320

central high school in prince george's

1773

01:17:07,910 --> 01:17:05,600

county

1774

01:17:10,310 --> 01:17:07,920

and anacostia high school

1775

01:17:12,390 --> 01:17:10,320

and the nasa stem ambassadors

1776

01:17:14,550 --> 01:17:12,400

may you continue to strive to reach new

1777

01:17:16,550 --> 01:17:14,560

heights and inspire future generations

1778

01:17:18,950 --> 01:17:16,560

of space explorers

1779

01:17:20,870 --> 01:17:18,960

to the extraordinary honorees we thank

1780

01:17:23,110 --> 01:17:20,880

you for participating in today's event

1781

01:17:24,870 --> 01:17:23,120

and we wish you much continued success